



IMPROVEMENT / ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

Name of Project

BAC Resolution Recommending Approval Resolution No. <u>01</u>, s. 2024

WHEREAS, the Mindoro State University (MinSU), through Bids and Awards Committee (BAC) has advertised in the PhilGEPS and MinSU Website the Request for Quotation (RFQ) for the project "Improvement/Enhancement of Automatic Weather Station (AWS)" with an Approved Budget for the Contract (ABC) amounting to Two Hundred Sixty-four Thousand Pesos (Php264,000.00);

WHEREAS, in response to the said advertisement, no supplier was found in the document request list however, three (3) suppliers in the name of F.S. SUGAY CONSTRUCTION & SUPPLIES, B-SQUARE CONSTRUCTION AND SUPPLIES and JSLBUILDERS AND CONSTRUCTION SUPPLY submitted price quotation before the deadline;

WHEREAS, the detailed evaluation of price quotation resulted in the following:

Approved Budget for the Contract (ABC)	Name of Bidder	Price Quotation		
	F.S. Sugay Construction & Supplies	Php261,000.00		
Php264,000.00	B-Square Construction and Supplies	Php262,500.00		
	JSLBuilders and Construction Supply	Php263,000.00		

WHEREAS, the BAC examined and verified the price quotations submitted by the abovementioned suppliers and were found to be complying and responsive; thus, the project be awarded to the supplier in the name of F.S. SUGAY CONSTRUCTION & SUPPLIES with the Lowest Calculated Responsive Bid (LCRB);

NOW, THEREFORE, the Bids and Awards Committee (BAC) HEREBY RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, recommended to the Head of Procuring Entity the approval of this resolution for the abovementioned procurement awarding of contract for the "Improvement/ Enhancement of Automatic Weather Station (AWS)" to F.S. Sugay Construction & Supplies amounting to Two Hundred Sixty-one Thousand Pesos (Php261,000.00) with official address at Sto. Niño, Calapan City, Oriental Mindoro as the supplier/bidder with the Lowest Calculated Responsive Bid (LCRB);

RESOLVED, at MinSU Main Campus, Alcate, Victoria Oriental Mindoro, this 8th day of January, 2024.

NEMESIO H. DAVALOS, Ph.D.

BAC Chairperson

ANSELMO R. ULEP. JR.

BAC Vice-Chairperson

Engr. MARK KEYLORD S. ONAL

BAC Member

ELVI C. ESCAREZ, Ph.D.

BAC Member

CIEDELLE P. SALAZAR Ph.D

BAC Member

Approved/Disapproved

CHRISTIAN ANTHONY C. AGUTAYA Ph.D.

OIC, Office of the University President

Date: _





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RESOLVED, at MinSU Main Campus, Alcate, Victoria, Oriental Mindoro, this 8th day of January, 2024.

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ANSELMO R. ULEP, JR. BAC Vice-Chairperson

Engr. MARK KEYLORD S. ONAL BAC Member ELVI C. ESCAREZ, Ph.D. BAC Member

CIEDELLE P. SALAZAR Ph.D BAC Member

Approved/Disapproved

CHRISTIAN ANTHONY C. AGUTAYA Ph.D.
OIC, Office of the University President

Date:

APPROVED BUDGET FOR THE CONTRACT (ABC)

IMPROVEMENT/ ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

Alcate, Victoria, Oriental Mindoro Project Name and Location Station: MINDORO STATE UNIVERSITY Length: n/a

Prepared by

Contract Duration: 20 CD

	264,000.00	41.728,23	12,571.43	27.285,02				201,142.86				
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134,006.25	22.300,451	37,906,12	57.185,0	00.225,25	%57	%0T	%ST	102,100.00	ĵol	1.00	Installation 35FT Weather Post, Rain Gauge and Other Accessories	
10,614.84	52.126,02	12,131.25	2,426.25	00.207,6	72%	%OT	%ST	38,820.00	.m.uɔ	4.80	Concreting Works	102
88.940,4	19,425.00	4,625.00	925.00	3,700.00	%97	%OT	%ST	14,800.00	.m.uɔ	4.80	Structure Excavation & Embankment	TOT
3,281.25	3,281.25	781.25	126.25	00.25.00	%57	%OT	%ST	2,500.00	'S'7	1.00	Mobilization and Demobilization	6.8
1,345.31	86.9359.38	8£.609,6	1,921.88	02.788,7	%57	%OT	%ST	30,750.00	skep	30.00	Occupational Safety & Health Program	7.8
88.974,2	88.974,2	1,304.02	260.80	1,043.22	%57	%OT	%ST	4,172.86	.69.	1.00	Project Billboard\ Sign Board	2.8
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Approved

CHRISTIAN ANTHONY C. AGUTAYA, Ph.D. OIC, Office of the University President

Recommending Approval

NEWESIO H. DAVALOS, Ph.D.
Chairperson, BAC

Submitted by

J**OHN EDGAR 5. ANTHONY** Head, PAC Secr_etariat

hy

REMIELITO CARICO
BAC Secretariat Member

APPROVED BUDGET FOR THE CONTRACT (ABC)

IMPROVEMENT\ ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

Alcate, Victoria, Oriental Mindoro Project Name and Location

Contract Duration: 20 CD

Station: MINDORO STATE UNIVERSITY Length: n\a

	264,000.00	4T.728,23	12,571.43	27.285,02				201,142.86				
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134,006.25	22.300,421	22.80e,1E	52.185,8	00.222,00	%57	%0т	%ST	102,100.00	jol	1.00	Installation 35FT Weather Post, Rain Gauge and Other Accessories	103
10,614.84	52.126,02	12,131.25	2,426.25	00.207,6	72%	%0T	%ST	38,820.00	.m.uɔ	4.80	Concreting Works	102
88.940,4	19,425.00	4,625.00	925.00	3,700.00	72%	%0Т	%ST	14,800.00	.m.uɔ	4.80	Structure Excavation & Embankment	TOT
3,281,25	3,281.25	781.25	126.25	00.25.00	%57	%0Т	%ST	2,500.00	·S'7	1.00	Mobilization and Demobilization	
15.245.31	85.625,04	8£.609,6	1,921.88	02.788,7	72%	%0T	%ST	30,750.00	qays	30.00	Occupational Safety & Health Program	7.8
88.974,2	88.974,2	1,304.02	260.80	1,043.22	%SZ	%0Т	%ST	4,172.86	ea.	1.00	Project Billboard/ Sign Board	2.8
	(11)+(5)	(01)+(6)	[(6)+(5)] %5	(8)X(2)	(0)	(4)	(0)	(s)	(4)	(8)	(z)	(T)
	(21)	(11)	(01)	(6)	(8)	(7)	(9)	(5)	(V)	(2)	(6)	(1)
TZOO TINU	TOTAL COST	TOTAL INDIRECT TOOS	TAV	MARK-UP VALUE	IATOT %	PERCENT	OCM OCM	ESTIMATED DIRECT COST	TINU	YTITNAUD	DESCRIPTION	TEM NO.

Approved

CHRISTIBN BUTHONY C. AGUTAYA, Ph.D.
OIC, Office of the University President

Recommending Approval

NEMESIO H DAVALOS, Ph.D.

Chairperson, BAC

Submitted by

JOHN EDGAR 5. ANTHONY
Head SAC Secretariat

Prepared by

RENIELITO CI RICO BAC Secretariat Member

w and



Philippine Government Electronic Procurement System

Central Portal for Philippine Government Procurement Oppurtunities

Bid Notice Abstract

Request for Quotation (RFQ)

Reference Number

10452875

Procuring Entity

MINDORO STATE UNIVERSITY

Title

IMPROVEMENT ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

Area of Delivery

Oriental Mindoro

Solicitation Number:	RFQ 2023-218	Status	Closed
Trade Agreement:	Implementing Rules and Regulations		
Procurement Mode:	Negotiated Procurement - Small Value Procurement (Sec. 53.9)	Associated Components	1
Classification:	Civil Works	Bid Supplements	0
Category:	General Engineering Services	- Compression	
Approved Budget for the Contract:	PHP 264,000.00	Document Request List	0
Delivery Period:	15 Day/s		
Client Agency:		Date Published	30/12/2023
Contact Person:	JOHN EDGAR SUALOG		
	ANTHONY HEAD SECRETARIAT Alcate Victoria Oriental Mindoro	Last Updated / Time	30/12/2023 00:00 AM
	Philippines 5205 63-43-2862368	Closing Date / Time	05/01/2024 01:00 AM
	minsu.bacoffice@gmail.com		

Description

Please quote your lowest price on the items / listed below, subject to the General Condition on the last page, stating the shortest time of delivery and submit your quotation duly signed by your representative not later than in the address stated in the last page.

NEMESIO H. DAVALOS, Ph.D. **BAC Chairperson**

Item No. Unit ITEM AND DESCRIPTION QTY. UNIT PRICE TOTAL AMOUNT

B.5 ea. Project Billboard/ Sign Board 1.00 B.7 days Occupational Safety & Health Program 30.00

B.9 L.S. Mobilization and Demobilization 1.00

101 cu.m. Structure Excavation & Embankment 4.80

102 cu.m. Concreting Works 4.80

103 lot Installation 35FT Weather Post, Rain Gauge and Other Accessories 1.00

104 Im Perimeter Fence 28.00

TOTAL

Created by

Annabelle Quinto Madrigal

Date Created

29/12/2023

The PhilGEPS team is not responsible for any typographical errors or misinformation presented in the system. PhilGEPS only displays information provided for by its clients, and any queries regarding the postings should be directed to the





REQUEST FOR QUOTATION IMPROVEMENT ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

RFQ No. 2023-218 ABC Amount: Php264,000.00 Company Name Address : Please quote your lowest price on the Items / listed below, subject to the General Condition on the last page, stating the shortest time of the address stated in the last page.

NEMESIO H. DAYALOS, Ph.D. delivery and submit your quotation duly signed by your representative not later than BAC Chairperson

Note:

- 1. All entries must be typewritten.
- Delivery Period within ___calendar days.
 Delivery Period within __calendar days.
 Warranty shall be for a period of six (6) months for supplies and materials, one (1) year for Equipment, from date
- of acceptance by the procuring entity.

 4. Price validity shall be a period of 30 calendar days.
- Price validity shall be a period of 30 calendar oasys.
 G-EPS Registration Certificate shall be attached upon submission of the Quotation.
 Bidders shall submit Original Brochures showing certification of the product being offered (optional).
- 7. Mode of delivery: [] Pick-up (Schedule) [] Door to Door Delivery

Item No.	Unit	ITEM AND DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	TOTAL AMOUNT
8.5	ea.	Project Billboard/ Sign Board	1.00	5000	5,000.00
B.7	days	Occupational Safety & Health Program	30.00	13373	40,000.00
B.9	L.S.	Mobilization and Demobilization	1.00	3,000.a	3,000.00
101	cu.m.	Structure Excavation & Embankment	4.80	7,958.33	19,000,00
102	cu.m.	Concreting Works	4.80	10416.6	50,000-00
103	lot	Installation 35FT Weather Post, Rain Gauge and Other Accessories	1.00	134.000	134,000.00
104	lm	Perimeter Fence	28.00	357-14	10,000.00
XV	XXXXXXXXX	XYXYXYXYXYXYXYXYXYXYXYXYXYXYXYXYXYXYXYX	XVXVXVXVXVXVXVXVXVXVXVXVXVXVXVXVXVXVXV	XX /	161 000.00

After having carefully read and accepted your General Condition, I / We quote you on the Item at prices noted ab

Mobile: +63 977 846 72 28



General Conditions

- 1. Quotations and other requirements stated below shall be submitted to the Bids and Awards Committee (BAC) Office, Mindoro State University Main Campus, Alcate, Victoria, Oriental Mindoro, Philippines on the date and time stated in this RFP.
- 2. Supplier shall submit the following requirements:
 - Duly signed original copy of Request for Quotation (RFQ). Prices shall be quoted in Philippine Pesos.
 - PhilGEPS Registration b.
 - Valid Mayor's/Business Permit
 - Omnibus Sworn Statement ď.
 - BIR Certificate of Registration
 - Latest Income/Business Tax Return
 - TAX Clearance
 - DTI Registration/SEC Certificate
 - Original Brochures or certificates of the items offered showing its performance characteristics or specifications, if applicable

Price validity shall be 30 calendar days from the deadline of submission of quotation.

Ocular Inspection

Upon the decision of the End-User and BAC, the supplier and its concerned premises may be subjected to ocular inspection and approval by the End-User and/or TWG Inspections of the BAC prior to the award.

Award

The supplier that submitted the lowest calculated responsive quotation, and passed the inspection conducted by the End-User and BAC prior to the event, if any, shall be awarded the contract.

Evaluation of Quotations

Quotations shall be compared and evaluated of the basis of the following criteria:

- 1. Completeness of Submission
- 2. Compliance with Item & Description Requirements
- 3. Price

Instructions

- Supplier shall be responsible for the source(s) of its goods/services/equipment, and which shall be in accordance with the schedule and specifications of the RFQ or contract. Failure of the supplier to comply with this provision shall be ground for cancellation of the award or purchase order issued to the supplier.
- Supplier that accepted an award, purchase order, or contract but failed to deliver the required goods/services/equipment within the time called for in the award, purchase order, or contract shall be disqualified from participating in MinSU or any of MinSU campuses future procurement activities. This is without prejudice to the imposition of other sanctions prescribed under R.A. 9184 and its IRR-A against the supplier.
- All duties, excise, and other taxes and revenue charges shall be paid by the supplier.
- All transactions are subject to withholding of credible Government Taxes per revenue regulation(s) of the Bureau of Internal Revenue

Liquidation Damages

A penalty of one-tenth of one percent (0.001) of the total value of the undelivered goods/services/equipment shall be charged as liquidated damages for every day of delay of the delivery of the purchased goods/services/equipment.

Warranty

Supplier warrants that all goods/services/equipment to be provided are of acceptable industry standard.

Payment

Payment shall be made only upon a certification by the Head of the Procuring Entity to the effect that the GOODS have been rendered or delivered in accordance with the terms of this Contract and have been duly inspected and accepted.

MSU-BAC-FR-05.01



Mobile: +63 977 846 72 28



REQUEST FOR QUOTATION

IMPROVEMENT ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

RFQ No.

2023-218

ABC Amount: Php264,000.00

Company Name Address :.

CONSTRUCTION ANT SUPPLIES

ss: BANCONN VCONA VCONA OK. MINIONO

Please quote your lowest price on the Items / listed below, subject to the General Condition on the last page stating the shortest time of the address stated in the last page. delivery and submit your quotation duly signed by your representative not later than

NEMESIO H. DAVALOS, Ph.D.

BAC Chairperson

Note:

All entries must be typewritten.
 Delivery Period within ____calendar days.
 Warranty shall be for a period of six (6) months for supplies and materials, one (1) year for Equipment, from date

of acceptance by the procuring entity.

Price validity shall be a period of 30 calendar days.

G-EPS Registration Certificate shall be attached upon submission of the Quotation.

Bidders shall submit Original Brochures showing certification of the product being offered (optional).

Mode of delivery: Pick-up (Schedule) Door to Door Delivery

Item	Unit	ITEM AND DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	TOTAL AMOUNT
No.		Project Billboard/ Sign Board	1.00	7.700	5,500 -00)
B.5 B.7	ea. days	Occupational Safety & Health Program	30.00	1770	40,500 .00
B.9	L.S.	Mobilization and Demobilization	1.00	7,000	7,000 20
101	cu.m.	Structure Excavation & Embankment	4.80	13978.33	(4,500 · 0)
102	cu.m.	Concreting Works	4.80	MCAIG-L	, は、 つつ . の
103	lot	Installation 35FT Weather Post, Rain Gauge and Other Accessories	1.00	134,000	134,000-00
104	lm	Perimeter Fence	28.00	17/7	10 1500 - M
XV	VXAXAXAXAX	YAXAXAXAXAXAXAXAXAXAXAXAXAXAXAXAXAXAXAX	TOTAL	ÂN -	162 500.0

After having carefully read and accepted your General Condition, I / We quote you on the Item at prices noted

over Printed Name

Contact Number

Mobile: +63 977 846 72 28



General Conditions

- 1. Quotations and other requirements stated below shall be submitted to the Bids and Awards Committee (BAC) Office, Mindoro State University -Main Campus, Alcate, Victoria, Oriental Mindoro, Philippines on the date and time stated in this RFP.
- 2. Supplier shall submit the following requirements:
 - a. Duly signed original copy of Request for Quotation (RFQ). Prices shall be quoted in Philippine Pesos.
 - b. PhilGEPS Registration
 - Valid Mayor's/Business Permit c.
 - d. Omnibus Sworn Statement
 - e. BIR Certificate of Registration
 - Latest Income/Business Tax Return f.
 - TAX Clearance
 - h. DTI Registration/SEC Certificate
 - Original Brochures or certificates of the items offered showing its performance characteristics or specifications, if applicable Price validity shall be 30 calendar days from the deadline of submission of quotation.

Ocular Inspection

Upon the decision of the End-User and BAC, the supplier and its concerned premises may be subjected to ocular inspection and approval by the End-User and/or TWG Inspections of the BAC prior to the award.

Award

The supplier that submitted the lowest calculated responsive quotation, and passed the inspection conducted by the End-User and BAC prior to the event, if any, shall be awarded the contract.

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- All duties, excise, and other taxes and revenue charges shall be paid by the supplier.
- All transactions are subject to withholding of credible Government Taxes per revenue regulation(s) of the Bureau of Internal Revenue 4.

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MSU-BAC-FR-05.01



Email: universitypresident@minsu.edu.ph

Website: www.minsu.edu.ph Mobile: +63 977 846 72 28



REQUEST FOR QUOTATION

IMPROVEMENT ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

RFQ No.

2023-218

ABC Amount: Php264,000.00

: JSLBUILDERS AND CONS. SUPPLY Company Name POB. I, VICTORIA, OR MPO.

delivery and submit your quotation duly signed by your representative not later than

NEMESIO H. DAVALOS, Ph.D. BAC Chairperson

Note:

All entries must be typewritten.
 Delivery Period within ___calendar days.
 Warranty shall be for a period of six (6) months for supplies and materials, one (1) year for Equipment, from date

Warranty shall be for a period of six (6) months for supplies and materials, one (a) year for equipment of acceptance by the procuring entity.
 Price validity shall be a period of 30 calendar days.
 G-EPS Registration Certificate shall be attached upon submission of the Quotation.
 Bidders shall submit Original Brochures showing certification of the product being offered (optional).
 Mode of delivery: [] Pick-up (Schedule) [] Door to Door Delivery

Item No.	Unit	ITEM AND DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	TOTAL AMOUNT
B.5	ea.	Project Billboard/ Sign Board	1.00	5,500	5,500-00/
B.7	days	Occupational Safety & Health Program	30.00	1,750	40,500.00 1
B.9	L.S.	Mobilization and Demobilization	1.00	3 500	\$ 500.00
101	cu.m.	Structure Excavation & Embankment	4.80	1978.33	19,000.00
102	cu.m.	Concreting Works	4.80	10,416.6	150,000 - 97.
103	lot	Installation 35FT Weather Post, Rain Gauge and Other Accessories	1.00	1.34, 508	134,500.00
104	lm	Perimeter Fence	28.00	375	10,000 - 00
XV:	VXVXVXVXVX	XVXVXVXVXVXVXVXVXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	VXVXVXXXXXXXXXX	(VX	0/2 600 20

After having carefully read and accepted your General Condition, I / We quote you on the Item at prices not DILL Supplier's Signature over Printed Name 268 - 364 - 117 - 00000

TIN No. of Establishment

0906-563-4032 **Contact Number**

, 2024 05

Date

Republic of the Philippines Department of Budget and Management PROCUREMENT SERVICE

CERTIFICATE OF PHILGEPS REGISTRATION (Platinum Membership)

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT

F.S. SUGAY CONSTRUCTION & SUPPLIES

Mahogany,
Calapan City, Oriental Mindoro, Region IV-B, Philippines

is registered in the **Philippine Government Electronic Procurement System (PhilGEPS)** on <u>01-Dec-2004</u> pursuant to Section 8.5.2 of the Revised Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 9184, otherwise known as the Government Procurement Reform Act.

This further certifies that F.S. SUGAY CONSTRUCTION & SUPPLIES has submitted the required eligibility documents in the PhilGEPS Supplier Registry as listed in Annex A, which document is attached hereto and made an integral part hereof.

For the purpose of updating this Certificate, all Class "A" eligibility documents covered by Section 8.5.2 of the Revised Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 9184 supporting the veracity, authenticity and validity of this Certificate shall remain current and updated. The failure by the prospective Bidder to update this Certificate with the current and updated Class "A" eligibility documents shall result in the automatic suspension of its validity until such time that all of the expired Class "A" eligibility documents has been updated.

By submitting this Certificate, the Bidder certifies:

- 1. the authenticity, genuineness, validity, and completeness of the copy of the original eligibility documents submitted:
- 2. the veracity of the statements and information contained therein,
- 3. that the Certificate is not a guaranty that the named registrant will be declared eligible without first being determined to be such for that particular bidding, nor is it an evidence that the Bidder has passed the post-qualification stage; and
- 4. that any finding of concealment, falsification, or misrepresentation of any of the eligibility documents submitted, or the contents thereof shall be a ground for disqualification from further participation in the bidding process, without prejudice to the imposition of appropriate administrative, civil and criminal penalty in accordance with the laws.

This Certificate is valid until 10-Jun-2024

Issued this <u>07th</u> day of <u>June 2023</u>. This is a system generated certificate. No signature is required.



Page 1 of 3

Documentary Stamp Tax Paid Php 30.00 Certificate Reference No: 20041257851880557757 Amended Date as of October 16, 2023 10:00 AM

REMINDERS 1

- The PhilGEPS office shall not determine the eligibility of merchants. The PhilGEPS office's evaluation of the eligibility requirements shall be for the sole purpose of determining the approval or disapproval of the merchant's application for registration.
- A merchant's registration and membership in the GOP-OMR is neither contract-specific nor understood to be tantamount to a finding of eligibility. Neither shall the merchant's successful registration in the GOP-OMR be relied upon to claim eligibility for the purpose of participation in any public bidding.
- The determination of the eligibility of merchants, whether registered with the GOP-OMR or not, shall remain with the Bids and Awards Committee (BAC). The BAC's determination of validity of the eligibility requirements shall be conclusive to enable the merchant to participate in the public bidding process.

List of Eligibility Documents

of F.S. SUGAY CONSTRUCTION & SUPPLIES

Mahogany,

Calapan City, Oriental Mindoro, Region IV-B, Philippines

"我们 _我 是有一	and the second s
	DTI Certificate Number: 1547114
	Issued By / Signatory: RAMON M LOPEZ
DTI Certificate	Registration Date: 17-May-2020
	Expiration Date: 17-May-2025
	Expiration Date: 31-Dec-2023
	Permit Number: 01401527
Mayors Permit	Place of Issue: Calapan City
	Issued By / Signatory: MARILOU F. MORILLO
	Issuance Date: 16-Oct-2023
-	Expiration Date: 26-May-2024
	TCC Number: 919886395000
Tax Clearance	Issued By / Signatory : LEVINE P ILAGAN
	Issuance date: 04-May-2022
	Date of Filing: 14-Apr-2023
	Current Asset: 15,040,784.00
Audited Financial Statement	Total Asset: 69,162,254.00
40	Current Liabilities: 7,053,759.00
	Total Liabilities: 9,736,403.00
	Name of Auditor: ALELI C DUGAN
	BIR RDO Code: 063
	Expiration Date: 31-May-2026
	Issued By / Signatory: ERNI G. BAGGAO
PCAB License	Issuance Date: 01-Jul-2023
2000 A. M. Maria	License Number: 28489
	License First Issue Date: 31-May-2000
	Principal Classification: General Engineering
	Category: C



Republic of the Philippines CITY OF CALAPAN OFFICE OF THE CITY MAYOR



BUSINESS PERMIT

Pursuant to the provision of City Tax Ordinance Number 18, Series of 2011 as amended, otherwise known as the Revised Revenue Code of Calapan, Oriental Mindoro, after payment of taxes and charges, etc. and compliance with existing requirements, permit is here granted to herein taxpayer.



TAXPAYER'S NAME BUSINESS I.D. MODE OF PAYMENT DATE BILLED SUGAY, FRANCELITA 01401527 Quarterly 10/16/2023 CONTRACTOR R NAME OF BUSINESS F.S. SUGAY CONSTRUCTION & SUPPLIES STO. NINO KIND OF FEE / TAX TAX BASE TAX AMOUNT SUR/INT TOTAL PERIOD Payment for 4-4 Notes: 1. This Permit will expire on Dec. 31, 2023 2. This Mayor's Permit, together with the official receipt, shall at all times be displayed or posted for public view.	charges, etc. and compliance with exi	isting re	equirements	, permit is here	granted to	o herein t	r taxes ar axpayer.	JG A 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	and the second second contract when the second seco
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Omnibus Sworn Statement AFFIDAVIT

- I, FRANCILITA S. SUGAY of legal age, Filipino and residing at Mahogany Street, Sto. Nino, Calapan City, Oriental Mindoro after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law, do hereby depose and state that:
 - 1.) I am the duly elected Owner/General Manager of F.S. SUGAY CONSTRUCTION & SUPPLIES with office address Mahogany Street, Sto. Nino, Calapan City, Oriental Mindoro;
 - 2.) As the General Manager of F.S. SUGAY CONSTRUCTION & SUPPLIES, I have the full power and authority to do, execute and perform any and all acts necessary to participate, submit the bid, and to sign and execute the ensuing contract for Installation of Automatic Weather Station at Alcate Victoria, Oriental Mindoro of the Mindoro State University.
 - 3.) F.S. SUGAY CONSTRUCTION & SUPPLIES is not "blacklisted" or barred from bidding by the Government of the Philippines or any of its agencies, offices, corporations, or Local Government Units, foreign government/foreign or international financing institution whose blacklisting rules have been recognized by the Government Procurement Policy Board, by itself relation, membership, association, affiliation, or controlling interest with another blacklisted person or entity as defined and provided for in the Uniform Guidelines on Blacklisting;
 - **4.)** Each of the documents submitted in satisfaction of the bidding requirements is an authentic copy of the original, complete, and all statements and information provided therein are true and correct;
 - **5.) F.S. SUGAY CONSTRUCTION & SUPPLIES** is authorizing the Head of the Procuring Entity or its duly authorized representative(s) to verify all the documents submitted;
 - **6.) F.S. SUGAY CONSTRUCTION & SUPPLIES** is not related to the Head of the Procuring Entity, members of the BAC, the TWG, and the BAC Secretariat, the head of the PMO or the end-user unit, and the project consultants, by consanguinity or affinity up to the third civil degree.
 - 7.) F.S. SUGAY CONSTRUCTION & SUPPLIES complies with the existing labor laws and standard;
 - **8.) F.S. SUGAY CONSTRUCTION & SUPPLIES** is aware of and has undertaken the following responsibilities as a Bidder:
 - a. I have taken steps to carefully examine all of the Bidding Documents;
 - b. I have acknowledged all conditions, local or otherwise, affecting the implementation of the Contract;
 - c. I have made an estimate of the facilities available and needed for the contract to be bid, if any; and
 - 9.) I have complied with its responsibility to inquire or secure Supplemental/Bid Bulletin(s) issued Installation of Automatic Weather Station at Alcate Victoria, Oriental Mindoro of the Mindoro State University.
 - **10.) F.S. SUGAY CONSTRUCTION & SUPPLIES** did not give or pay directly or indirectly, any commission, amount fee, or any form of consideration, pecuniary or otherwise, to any person or official, personnel or representative of the government in relation to any procurement project or activity.

11.) In case advance payment was made or given, failure to perform or deliver any of the obligations and undertakings in the contract shall be sufficient grounds to constitute criminal liability for swindling (Estafa) or the commission of fraud with unfaithfulness or abuse of confidence through misappropriating or converting any payment received by a person or entity under a obligation involving the duty to deliver certain goods or services, to the prejudice of the public and the government of the Philippines pursuant to Article 315 of Act No. 3815 s. 1930, as amended, or the Revised Penal Code.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hands this 04^{th} day of January, 2024 at Calapan City.

FRANCILITA S. SUGAY
Owner/General Manager
Affiant

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 04th day of January, 2024 at Calapan City, Philippines. Affiant is personally known to me and was identified by me through competent evidence of identity as defined in the 2004 Rules on Notarial Practice (A.M. No. 02-8-13-SC). Affiant exhibited to me her Tax Identification Number, with her photograph and signature appearing thereon, with no. 919-886-395-000 and her Community Tax Certificate No. 15560607, issued on January 03, 2024 at Calapan City, Oriental Mindoro.

Witness my hand and seal this day of 04th January, 2024.

PUBLIC 4
Page No.
Book No.

Series of 2024

Notarial Commission No. NP-22-240 Until December 31, 2024

NOTARY

KIM D. BACULO

Rolf of Attorneys No. 63809 IBP No. 014875/Lifetime Oriental Mindoro PTR No. 1189696/12-06-23 (for 2024) Calapan City MCLE Compliance No. VII-0024986 /12-27-2022 REPUBLIKA VS PILIPINAS KAGAWARAN WIJPANANALAPI KAWANIHAN WAKIN JAS INTERNAS REVENUE RIJGION NO. 003 REVENUE DISTRICT NO. 063

BIR Form No. Revised July 1997

OCN 1RC0000770735

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION

NAME

919-886-375-000

SUGAY, FRANCELITA SISANTE

REGISTRATION DATE

03/18/2003

SECRETERED ADDRESS

STO. NINO.

CALAPAN CITY, OR, MINDORO 5200

REGISTERED ACTIVITY(IES)

INCOME TAX

XAT DEDCA - BULAV

RECISTRATION FEE

WITHHOLDING TAX - COMPENSATION

TRADE NAME

LINE OF BUSINESS / INDUSTRY

PAINTS AND GLASS.

F.S. SUGAY CONSTRUCTION & SUPP

LIES

4520 BUILDING OF CONSTRUCTIONS OR PARTS, CIVIL ENGINEERING 5234 RETAIL SALE OF HARDWARE,

REMINDERS: FILE and PAY

Reise val of Annual Registration Fee of P500.00 on or before January 31;

Ending Inventory – every January of each year;

VAT on or before 20th of every month;

File and Pay Quarterly VAT and Submit Summary List of Sales/Purchases - July 25

ii. First Quarter Third Quarter April 25ill. Second quarter - July October 25 Iv. Fourth Quarter

- January 25

Income Tax:

First Quarter

1702Q On or Before May 30

ii. Second Quarter - 1702Q On or Before August 29
iii. Third Quarter - 1702Q On or Before November 29
iv. Annual Income Tax - 1702Q On or Before April 15
Witchoding Tax Compensation - 1601C- On or before 10th day of the following money

b. 1504CF- Annual Information Retruns on Creditable Income Tax Withheld (January 31) Update Registration Information, for any changes in Status, Location and Tax Types (1905 Form);

Register Book of Accounts;

IN CASE OF CLOSURE/REGREMENT OF BUSINESS, NOTIFY IMMEDIATELY REVERUE DISTRICT OFFICE TAXPAYER SERVICE SECTION.

Date of Registration/Update:

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE NAMED PERSON IS REGISTERED AS INDICATED ABOVE, UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE NATIONAL INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, AS AMENDED.



REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

REVENUE REGION NO. 9A - CaBaMiRo CITY OF STO. TOMAS, BATANGAS

TCBP NO. RR9A-063-05-26-0880-2023-E

TAX CLEARANCE CERTIFICATE

(Pursuant to Executive Order No. 398)

SUGAY, FRANCELITA SISANTE

(F.S. SUGAY CONSTRUCTION & SUPPLIES)
Name of Taxpayer

STO. NINO, CALAPAN CITY, OR. MINDORO

Address

919-886-395-000

Taxpayer Identification Number

This is to certify that the above mentioned taxpayer is eligible for issuance of this Tax Clearance Certificate having satisfied all the criteria set forth by the BIR as of the date of this certification pursuant to Revenue Regulations No. 8-2016, as amended.

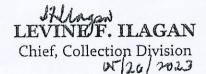
Tax liabilities recorded after the aforesaid dates or outside the jurisdiction of this Office are not covered by this tax clearance.

Issued this 26th day of May, 2023.

NOTE: THIS CERTIFICATE SHALL BE VALID AND EFFECTIVE FROM DATE OF ISSUE UNTIL MAY 26, 2024 ONLY OR UNTIL REVOKED FOR VIOLATION OF THE CRITERIA SPECIFIED UNDER REVENUE REGULATIONS NO. 8-2016, AS AMENDED AND REVENUE MEMORANDUM ORDER NO. 46-2018, WHICHEVER COMES EARLIER. THIS SHALL NOT BE USED ON SALES/TRANSFER OF REAL PROPERTIES.

CERTIFICATION FEE OF P100 WAS PAID ON MAY 05, 2023 UNDER EFPS PAYMENT TRANSACTION NO. 234466283. ANY ERASURE MADE ON THIS TCC SHALL RENDER IT NULL AND VOID.







WARNING: Counterfeiting is punishable by law. For authenticity, please visit BIR website www.bir.gov.ph/Index.php/tax-clearance/released-tax-clearance.html. Tax Clearance Certificate (for bidding purposes) not listed/posted herein will be deemed to have originated from an illegal source.



This certifies that

F.S. SUGAY CONSTRUCTION & SUPPLIES

(REGIONAL)

REGION IV-B (MIMAROPA)

is a business name registered in this office pursuant to the provisions of Act 3883, as amended by Act 4147 and Republic Act No. 863, and in compliance with the applicable rules and regulations prescribed by the Department of Trade and Industry.

This certificate issued to

FRANCILITA SISANTE SUGAY

is valid from 17 March 2020 to 17 March 2025 subject to continuing compliance with the above-mentioned laws and all applicable laws of the Philippines, unless voluntarily cancelled

In testimony whereof, I hereby sign this

Certificate of Business Name Registration

and issue the same on 05 February 2020 in the Philippines.

RAMON M LOPEZ

Business Name No. 1547114

This certificate is not a license to engage in any kind of business and valid only at the scope indicated herein.



HHNP636510732561



Email: universitypresident@minsu.edu.ph

Website: www.minsu.edu.ph Mobile: +63 977 846 72 28



PROGRAM OF WORKS / BUDGET COST

Date: DECEMBER 21, 2023

Name of the Project:

IMPROVEMENT/ENHANCEMENT OF

Implementing Procedure:

BY CONTRACT

AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

Location:

MINSU MAIN CAMPUS, ALCATE, VICTORIA, ORIENTAL MINDORO Description:

CONCRETE AND

MASONRY, ERECTION OF COLUMNS WITH

POST/FENCE

Appropriation/Amount SAA:

PHP 264,000.00

Classification:

Source of Funds: Limits:

6.00 m x 8.00 m

Desirable Starting Date:

UPON APPROVAL

Net Length:

PERIMETER: 28.00 L.M.

No. of Days to Complete:

20 DAYS

Descrip	otion of Work to be Done	% of Total	Equipment	Needed	Available
B.5	PROJECT BILLBOARD/SIGN BOARD	2.03%			
B.7	OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY & HEALTH PROGRAM	15.77%			
B.9	MOBILIZATION AND DEMOBILIZATION	2.46%			
19	STRUCTURE EXCAVATION & EMBANKMENT	7.61%			
102	CONCRETING WORKS	16.82%			
103	INSTALLATION OF 35 FT. WEATHER POST, RAIN GAUGE AND OTHER ACCESSORIES	51.38%			
104	PERIMETER FENCE	3.93%			
		100.00%			

SUMMARY OF ESTIMATED COST

Item No.	DESCRIPTION OF WORK	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
B.5	PROJECT BILLBOARD/SIGN BOARD	1	EA	5,476.87	5,476.87
B.7	OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY & HEALTH PROGRAM	30	DAYS	1,345.31	40,359.38
B.9	MOBILIZATION AND DEMOBILIZATION	1	L.S.	3,281.25	3,281.25
101	STRUCTURE EXCAVATION & EMBANKMENT	4.8	CU.M.	4,046.88	19,425.00
102	CONCRETING WORKS	4.8	CU.M.	10,614.84	50,951.25
103	INSTALLATION OF 35 FT. WEATHER POST, RAIN GAUGE AND OTHER ACCESSORIES	1	LOT	134,006.25	134,006.25
104	PERIMETER FENCE	28	L.M.	375	10,500.00 264 000.00

Breakdown Estimated Cost

1. Sub-Total, Itemized Cost

264,000.00

A. DIRECT COST

Labor (Man-hours) :
 Materials :
 Equipment Rentals :

74,400.00

119,242.86

7,500.00 Sub-Total (DC): 201,142.86 A. Materials, Fuel, Oil : 119,242.86

B. Equipment, Labor : 81,900.00

50,285.71 C. OCM, Profit:

D. Admin Cost:



Email: universitypresident@minsu.edu.ph

Website: www.minsu.edu.ph Mobile: +63 977 846 72 28



INDIRECT COST (as per DO 197, s. 2016)

4. OCM:

30,171.43

5. Contractor's Profit

20,114.29

Admin Cost:

VAT, 5%:

12,571.43

E. VAT:

F. Total Construction Cost:

G. Total Estimated Cost:

H. SAY:

12,571.43 264,000.00

264,000.00 264,000.00

Sub-Total (IC): 62,857.14

TF-1054

TOTAL PROJECT COST: 264,000.00

401-200 12-579

Prepared by:

Verified and Reviewed by:

Instructor 1

ENGR. MARK LESTER A. MAGPANTAY

Engineer II

Recommending Approval:

Vice President for Administration and Finance

Approved by:

CHRISTIAN ANTHONY C. AGUTAYA, Ph. D.

OIC-Office of the University President

2,51





DETAILED UNIT PRICE ANALYSIS

PROJECT NAME

: IMPROVEMENT/ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

Item No./Description: B.5 PROJECT BILLBOARD/SIGN BOARD

Unit of Measurement: PC.

Output per day : 1 PIECE/DAY

Quantity

: 1 EA

	DESIGNATION	No. Person	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
Α.	Labor a. CONSTRUCTION FOREMAN b. SKILLED c. LABORER	1 1 1	1 1 1	600 500 400	600 500 400
	SUB-TOTAL				1,500.00
	Name and Capacity	No. of Units	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
В.	Equipment N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	SUB-TOTAL				
C.	TOTAL (A+B)				Php. 1,500.00
D.	Output per day =	1 pc pe	er day		
	Name and Specifications	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
E.	Materials a. PRINTED TARPAULIN b. MARINE PLYWOOD – 1/4 X 4' X 8' (STANDARD) c. COCO LUMBER	1 2 28	SET PCS BD. FT.	950.00 473.93 25.00	950.00 947.86 700.00
	(2" X 2" X 12) d. CW NAILS (ASSORTED)	1	KG	75.00	75.00
	SUB-TOTAL				2,672.86
E	Direct Cost (C + E)				4,172.86
	Overhead, Contingencies & Miscella	neous (OCA	A) 15%		625.93
	Contractor's Profit (CP)	1	10%		417.29
l.	Value Added Tax (VAT) * (EDC, OCN	1, Profit)	5%		260.80
J.	Total Cost				5,476.87
	Total Unit Cost				5,476.87





DETAILED UNIT PRICE ANALYSIS

PROJECT NAME

: IMPROVEMENT/ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

Item No./Description: **B.7 OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH PROGRAM**

Unit of Measurement : DAYS
Output per day : 560/DAY
Quantity : 30 DAYS

	DESIGNATION	No. Person	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
A	Labor a. SAFETY OFFICER b. FIRST AIDER	1	3 30	600 500	1,800.00 15,000.00
	SUB-TOTAL				16,800.00
	Name and Capacity	No. of Units	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
В.	Equipment N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	SUB-TOTAL				
C	. TOTAL (A+B)				Php. 16,800.00
. D	. Output per day =	Php 56	0/day		
	Name and Specifications	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
E	a. SAFETY SHOES b. SAFETY HELMET c. SAFETY GLOVES d. SAFETY VEST e. FACE MASK (DISPOSABLE)	5 5 10 5 4	PAIRS PCS PCS PCS BOXES	2,000.00 250.00 50.00 200.00 300.00	10,000.00 1,250.00 500.00 1,000.00 1,200.00
	SUB-TOTAL				13,950.00
F	. Direct Cost (C + E)				30,750.00 4,612.50
	G. Overhead, Contingencies & Miscellaneous (OCM) 15%				
F	I. Contractor's Profit (CP)		10%		3,075.00
1.	Value Added Tax (VAT) * (EDC, OCA	۸, Profit)	5%		1,921.88
J	. Total Cost				40,359.38
K	. Total Unit Cost				1,345.31



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DETAILED UNIT PRICE ANALYSIS

PROJECT NAME

: IMPROVEMENT/ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

Item No./Description: **B.9 MOBILIZATION AND DEMOBILIZATION**

Unit of Measurement : $\underline{\textbf{L.S.}}$

Output per day

Quantity

: 1

	DESIGNATION	No. Person	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
A.	Labor N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	SUB-TO	TAL			
	Name and Capacity	No. of Units	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
В.	Equipment N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	SUB-TO	TAL			2,890
C.	TOTAL (A	+B)			100 July 2000-222
D.	Output per day				
	Name and Specifications	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
Е.	Materials a. ALL MINOR TOOLS NEEDE		L.S.	2,500.00	2,500.00
	SUB-TO	TAL			2,500.00
F.	Direct Cost (C + E)				2,500.00
	Overhead, Contingencies & Misc	cellaneous (OCA			375.00
Н.	H. Contractor's Profit (CP) 10%				
1.	Value Added Tax (VAT) * (EDC, C	OCM, Profit)	5%		156.25
J.	Total Cost				3,281.25
K.	Total Unit Cost				3,281.25





DETAILED UNIT PRICE ANALYSIS

PROJECT NAME

: IMPROVEMENT/ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

Item No./Description: 101 – STRUCTURE EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT Unit of Measurement: 5Q. M.

Output per day : 9,712.50/day

Quantity

: 4.8 CU. M.

	DESIGNATION	No. Person	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
A.	Labor a. FOREMAN b. SKILLED c. LABORER	1 2 2	2 2 2	600 500 400	1,200.00 2,000.00 1,600.00
	SUB-TOTAL				4,800.00
	Name and Capacity	No. of Units	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
В.	Equipment a. MINOR TOOLS/HAND TOOLS	1	L.S.	2,500.00	2,500.00
	SUB-TOTAL				2,500.00
C.	TOTAL (A+B)				Php. 7,300.00
D.	Output per day =	9,712.5	60/day		
	Name and Specifications	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
E.	Materials a. GRAVEL	10	CU. M.	750.00	7,500.00
	SUB-TOTAL				7,500.00
F.	Direct Cost (C + E)				14,800.00
G.	G. Overhead, Contingencies & Miscellaneous (OCM) 15%				2,220.00
Н.	H. Contractor's Profit (CP) 10%				1,480.00
I.	Value Added Tax (VAT) * (EDC, OCN	1, Profit)	5%		925.00
J.	Total Cost				19,425.00
K.	Total Unit Cost				4,046.88





DETAILED UNIT PRICE ANALYSIS

PROJECT NAME

: IMPROVEMENT/ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

Item No./Description: 102 - CONCRETING WORKS

Unit of Measurement : **SQ. M.**

Output per day

: PHP 16,983.75 /day

Quantity

: 4.8 CU. M.

	DESIGNATION	No. Person	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
Α.	Labor a. FOREMAN b. SKILLED c. LABORER	1 2 2	3 3 3	600 500 400	1,800.00 3,000.00 2,400.00
	SUB-TOTAL				7,200.00
	Name and Capacity	No. of Units	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
В.	Equipment a. MINOR TOOLS/HAND TOOLS	1	L.S.	2,500.00	2,500.00
	SUB-TOTAL				2,500.00
C.	TOTAL (A+B)				Php. 9,700.00
D.	Output per day = "	PHP 17	,530.63 /day		
	Name and Specifications	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
E.	Materials a. PORTLAND CEMENT b. SAND c. GRAVEL d. C.H.B. #4 e. 10 mm Ø x 6.0 m	40 4.8 9.6 250 50	BAGS CU. M. CU. M. PCS	250.00 500.00 700.00 10.00 150.00	10,000.00 2,400.00 6,720.00 2,500.00 7,500.00
	SUB-TOTAL				29,120.00
F.	Direct Cost (C + E)				38,820.00
G.	G. Overhead, Contingencies & Miscellaneous (OCM) 15%				5,823.00
Н.		,	10%		3,882.00
I.	Value Added Tax (VAT) * (EDC, OCN	A, Profit)	5%		2,426.25
J.	Total Cost				50,951.25
K.	Total Unit Cost				10,614.84





DETAILED UNIT PRICE ANALYSIS

PROJECT NAME

: IMPROVEMENT/ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

Item No./Description: 103 – INSTALLATION OF FACILITIES
Unit of Measurement: LOT

Output per day

: <u>11,167.19 /day.</u> : <u>1</u>

Quantity

	DESIGNATION	No. Person	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
A.	Labor a. FOREMAN b. SKILLED c. LABORERS	1 3 3	12 12 12	600 500 400	7,200.00 18,000.00 14,400.00
	SUB-TOTAL				39,600.00
	Name and Capacity	No. of Units	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
В.	Equipment a. MINOR TOOLS	1	L.S.	2,500.00	2,500.00
	SUB-TOTAL				2,500.00
C.	TOTAL (A+B)				Php. 42,100.00
D.	Output per day =	Php 11	1,167.19 /day	,	
	Name and Specifications	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
E.	Materials a. 35 FOOTER WEATHER POST AND RAIN GAUGE POST	1	L.S	60,000.00	60,000.00
	SUB-TOTAL				60,000.00
F.	Direct Cost (C + E)				102,100.00
G.	. Overhead, Contingencies & Miscello	aneous (OC	M) 15%		15,315.00
Н.			10%		10,210.00
1.	Value Added Tax (VAT) * (EDC, OCA	۸, Profit)	5%		6,381.25
J.	Total Cost				134,006.25
K.	Total Unit Cost				134,006.25





DETAILED UNIT PRICE ANALYSIS

PROJECT NAME

: IMPROVEMENT/ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

Item No./Description: 104 - PERIMETER FENCE Unit of Measurement: L.M. (LINEAR METER) : 9.3 L.M. PER DAY Output per day

Quantity

: 28 L.M.

DESIGNATION	No. Person	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
Labor a. FOREMAN b. SKILLED c. LABORERS	1 1 1	3 3 3	600 500 400	1,800.00 1,500.00 1,200.00
SUB-TOT.	AL			4,500.00
Name and Capacity	No. of Units	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
Equipment N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
SUB-TOT	AL			
TOTAL (A-	+B)			Php. 4,500.00
Output per day =	9.3 L.N	1./day		
Name and Specifications	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
Materials Perimeter fence (10m x 28)	1	L.S.	3,500.00	3,500.00
SUB-TOT	TAL			3,500.00
Direct Cost (C + E)				8,000.00
Overhead, Contingencies & Miscellaneo	ous (OCM) 15	5%		1,200.00
Contractor's Profit (CP)	10	%		800.00
Value Added Tax (VAT) * (EDC, OCM, Pr	ofit) 5%	7		500.00
Total Cost				10,500.00
Total Unit Cost				375.00



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PROGRAM OF WORKS / BUDGET COST

Date: DECEMBER 21, 2023

Name of the Project:

IMPROVEMENT/ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION

Implementing Procedure:

BY CONTRACT

(AWS)

MINSU MAIN CAMPUS, ALCATE,

Description:

CONCRETE AND

VICTORIA, ORIENTAL MINDORO

MASONRY, ERECTION OF COLUMNS WITH

POST/FENCE

Appropriation/Amount SAA:

PHP 264,000.00

Classification:

Source of Funds: Limits:

Location:

6.00 m x 8.00 m

Desirable Starting Date:

UPON APPROVAL

Net Length:

PERIMETER: 28.00 L.M.

No. of Days to Complete:

20 DAYS

Description of Work to be Done		% of Total	Equipment	Needed	Available
B.5	PROJECT BILLBOARD/SIGN BOARD	2.03%	CALL CITICS OF IT	ICS V. S. MISER ATT IS I DIVERSITY FIRE	
B.7	OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY & HEALTH PROGRAM	15.77%			
B.9	MOBILIZATION AND DEMOBILIZATION	2.46%			
19	STRUCTURE EXCAVATION & EMBANKMENT	7.61%			
102	CONCRETING WORKS	16.82%			
103	INSTALLATION OF 35 FT. WEATHER POST, RAIN GAUGE AND OTHER ACCESSORIES	51.38%			
104	PERIMETER FENCE	3.93%			
		100.00%			

SUMMARY OF ESTIMATED COST

	Comment	LOTTINA	LD 0001		
Item No.	DESCRIPTION OF WORK	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
B.5	PROJECT BILLBOARD/SIGN BOARD	1	EA	5,476.87	5,476.87
B.7	OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY & HEALTH PROGRAM	30	DAYS	1,345.31	40,359.38
B.9	MOBILIZATION AND DEMOBILIZATION	1	L.S.	3,281.25	3,281.25
101	STRUCTURE EXCAVATION & EMBANKMENT	4.8	CU.M.	4,046.88	19,425.00
102	CONCRETING WORKS	4.8	CU.M.	10,614.84	50,951.25
103	INSTALLATION OF 35 FT. WEATHER POST, RAIN GAUGE AND OTHER ACCESSORIES	1	LOT	134,006.25	134,006.25
104	PERIMETER FENCE	28	L.M.	375	10,500.00

Breakdown Estimated Cost

1. Sub-Total, Itemized Cost

264,000.00

A. DIRECT COST

Labor (Man-hours): 74,400.00

Materials: 2. Equipment Rentals: 119,242.86

7,500.00

A. Materials, Fuel, Oil : <u>119,242.86</u> B. Equipment, Labor : <u>81,900.00</u>

C. OCM, Profit:

50,285.71

Sub-Total (DC): 201,142.86

D. Admin Cost:



F. Total Construction Cost:

G. Total Estimated Cost:



12,571.43

264,000.00

264,000.00

A. INDIRECT COST (as per DO 197, s. 2016)

4. OCM:

30,171.43

Prepared by:

5. Contractor's Profit.

20,114.29

6. Admin Cost: 7. VAT, 5%:

12,571.43

Sub-Total (IC) : 62,857.14

TOTAL PROJECT COST: 264,000.00

Verified and Reviewed by

CHRISTIAN B. HERNANDEZ

Instructor 1

ENGR. MARK LESTER A. MAGPANTAY

E. VAT:

H. SAY:

Engineer II

Recommending Approval:

Approved by:

Vice President for Administration and Finance

CHRISTIAN ANTHONY C. AGUTAYA, Ph. D. OIC-Office of the University President



DETAILED UNIT PRICE ANALYSIS

PROJECT NAME

: IMPROVEMENT/ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

Item No./Description: **B.5 PROJECT BILLBOARD/SIGN BOARD**

Unit of Measurement: PC.

Output per day : 1 PIECE/DAY

Quantity : <u>1 EA</u>

	DESIGNATION	No. Person	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
A.	Labor a. CONSTRUCTION FOREMAN b. SKILLED c. LABORER	1 1 1	1 1 1	600 500 400	600 500 400
	SUB-TOTAL				1,500.00
	Name and Capacity	No. of Units	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
В.	Equipment N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	SUB-TOTAL				
C.	TOTAL (A+B)				Php. 1,500.00
D.	Output per day =	1 pc pe	er day		
	Name and Specifications	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
E.	Materials a. PRINTED TARPAULIN b. MARINE PLYWOOD 1/4 X 4' X 8' (STANDARD) c. COCO LUMBER (2" X 2" X 12) d. CW NAILS (ASSORTED)	1 2 28 1	SET PCS BD. FT. KG	950.00 473.93 25.00 75.00	950.00 947.86 700.00 75.00
	SUB-TOTAL				2,672.86
F.	Direct Cost (C + E)				4,172.86
	Overhead, Contingencies & Miscellar	neous (OCM	15%		625.93
H.	Contractor's Profit (CP)		10%		417.29
1.	Value Added Tax (VAT) * (EDC, OCM,	Profit)	5%		260.80
J.	Total Cost				5,476.87
K.	Total Unit Cost				5,476.87





DETAILED UNIT PRICE ANALYSIS

PROJECT NAME

: IMPROVEMENT/ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

Item No./Description: B.7 OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH PROGRAM

Unit of Measurement: **DAYS** Output per day

: <u>560/DAY</u>

Quantity

: 30 DAYS

	DESIGNATION	No. Person	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount	
A.	Labor a. SAFETY OFFICER b. FIRST AIDER	1	3 30	600 500	1,800.00 15,000.00	
	SUB-TOTAL				16,800.00	
	Name and Capacity	No. of Units	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount	
В.	Equipment N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	SUB-TOTAL					
C.	TOTAL (A+B)				Php. 16,800.00	
D.	Output per day =	Php 56	60/day			
	Name and Specifications	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount	
E.	a. SAFETY SHOES b. SAFETY HELMET c. SAFETY GLOVES d. SAFETY VEST e. FACE MASK (DISPOSABLE)	5 5 10 5 4	PAIRS PCS PCS PCS BOXES	2,000.00 250.00 50.00 200.00 300.00	10,000.00 1,250.00 500.00 1,000.00 1,200.00	
	SUB-TOTAL				13,950.00	
F.	Direct Cost (C + E)				30,750.00 4,612.50	
G.	G. Overhead, Contingencies & Miscellaneous (OCM) 15%					
Н.			10%		3,075.00 1,921.88	
I.						
J.	Total Cost				40,359.38	
K.	Total Unit Cost				1,345.31	





DETAILED UNIT PRICE ANALYSIS

PROJECT NAME

: IMPROVEMENT/ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

Item No./Description: **B.9 MOBILIZATION AND DEMOBILIZATION**

Unit of Measurement: L.S.

Output per day

Quantity

: <u>1</u>

	DESIGNATION	No. Person	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
A.	Labor N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	SUB-TOTAL				
	Name and Capacity	No. of Units	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
В.	Equipment N/A	N/A	· N/A	N/A	N/A
	SÚB-TOTAL		J		
C.	TOTAL (A+B)				
D.	Output per day				
	Name and Specifications	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
E.	Materials a. ALL MINOR TOOLS NEEDED	1	L.S.	2,500.00	2,500.00
	SUB-TOTAL				2,500.00
F.	Direct Cost (C + E)		M) 15%		2,500.00
	Overhead, Contingencies & Miscella	375.00			
Н.	Contractor's Profit (CP) Value Added Tax (VAT) * (EDC, OCM)		10% 5%		250.00
I.	156.2				
J.	Total Cost				3,281.2
K.	Total Unit Cost				3,281.25





DETAILED UNIT PRICE ANALYSIS

PROJECT NAME

: IMPROVEMENT/ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

Item No./Description: 101 - STRUCTURE EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT

Unit of Measurement: SQ. M.

Output per day

: <u>3Q. m.</u> : <u>9,712.50/day</u>

Quantity

: 4.8 CU. M.

	DESIGNATION	No. Person	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount		
A.	Labor a. FOREMAN b. SKILLED c. LABORER	1 2 2	2 2 2 2	600 500 400	1,200.00 2,000.00 1,600.00		
	SUB-TOTAL		<u> </u>		4,800.00		
	Name and Capacity	No. of Units	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount		
В.	Equipment a. MINOR TOOLS/HAND TOOLS	1	L.S.	2,500.00	2,500.00		
	SUB-TOTAL				2,500.00		
C.	TOTAL (A+B)				Php. 7,300.00		
D.	Output per day =	9,712.5	50/day				
-	Name and Specifications	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount		
E.	Materials a. GRAVEL	10	CU. M.	750.00	7,500.00		
	SUB-TOTAL				7,500.00		
F.	F. Direct Cost (C + E)						
G.	G. Overhead, Contingencies & Miscellaneous (OCM) 15%						
Н.	H. Contractor's Profit (CP) 10%						
1.							
J.							
K.	K. Total Unit Cost						



DETAILED UNIT PRICE ANALYSIS

PROJECT NAME

: IMPROVEMENT/ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

Item No./Description: 102 - CONCRETING WORKS

Unit of Measurement: SQ. M.

Output per day

: PHP 16,983.75 /day

Quantity

: 4.8 CU. M.

	DESIGNATION	No. Person	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount		
A.	Labor a. FOREMAN b. SKILLED c. LABORER	1 2 2	3 3 3	600 500 400	1,800.00 3,000.00 2,400.00		
	SUB-TOTAL		<u> </u>		7,200.00		
	Name and Capacity	No. of Units	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount		
В.	Equipment a. MINOR TOOLS/HAND TOOLS	1	L.S.	2,500.00	2,500.00		
	SUB-TOTAL				2,500.00		
C.	TOTAL (A+B)		Php. 9,700.00				
D.	Output per day =	PHP 17,530.63 /day					
	Name and Specifications	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount		
Е.	Materials a. PORTLAND CEMENT b. SAND c. GRAVEL d. C.H.B. #4 e. 10 mm Ø x 6.0 m	40 4.8 9.6 250 50	BAGS CU. M. CU. M. PCS	250.00 500.00 700.00 10.00 150.00	10,000.00 2,400.00 6,720.00 2,500.00 7,500.00		
	SUB-TOTAL SUB-TOTAL						
F.	F. Direct Cost (C + E)						
G.	G. Overhead, Contingencies & Miscellaneous (OCM) 15%						
Н.	H. Contractor's Profit (CP) 10%						
I.	I. Value Added Tax (VAT) * (EDC, OCM, Profit) 5% J. Total Cost						
J.	50,951.25 10,614.84						
K.	K. Total Unit Cost						





DETAILED UNIT PRICE ANALYSIS

PROJECT NAME

: IMPROVEMENT/ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

Item No./Description: 103 - INSTALLATION OF FACILITIES

Unit of Measurement: LOT

Output per day

: <u>11,167.19 /day.</u>

Quantity

:1

1	DESIGNATION	No. Person	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount	
A.	Labor a. FOREMAN b. SKILLED c. LABORERS	1 3 3	12 12 12	600 500 400	7,200.00 18,000.00 14,400.00	
	SUB-TOTAL				39,600.00	
	Name and Capacity	No. of Units	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount	
В.	Equipment a. MINOR TOOLS	1	L.S.	2,500.00	2,500.00	
	SUB-TOTAL				2,500.00	
C.	TOTAL (A+B)				Php. 42,100.00	
D.	Output per day =	Php 11	,167.19 /day	,		
	Name and Specifications	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount	
E.	Materials a. 35 FOOTER WEATHER POST AND RAIN GAUGE POST	1	L.S	60,000.00	60,000.00	
	SUB-TOTAL				60,000.00 102,100.00	
F.	F. Direct Cost (C + E)					
G.	G. Overhead, Contingencies & Miscellaneous (OCM) 15% H. Contractor's Profit (CP) 10%					
Н.	Contractor's Profit (CP)	10,210.00 6,381.25				
ı.	I. Value Added Tax (VAT) * (EDC, OCM, Profit) 5% J. Total Cost					
J.	134,006.25					
K.	134,006.25					



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DETAILED UNIT PRICE ANALYSIS

PROJECT NAME

: IMPROVEMENT/ENHANCEMENT OF AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION (AWS)

Item No./Description: 104 - PERIMETER FENCE Unit of Measurement: L.M. (LINEAR METER) Output per day : <u>9.3 L.M. PER DAY</u>

Quantity

: 28 L.M.

DESIGNATION	No. Person	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
Labor a. FOREMAN b. SKILLED c. LABORERS	1 1 1	3 3 3	600 500 400	1,800.00 1,500.00 1,200.00
SUB-TOTAL		<u> </u>		4,500.00
Name and Capacity	No. of Units	No. of Days	Daily Rate	Amount
Equipment N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
SUB-TOTAL			act plea and up to	
TOTAL (A+B)	moter on whi	listika to (lee)	combined all tra-s	Php. 4,500.00
Output per day =	9.3 L.M	i./day		
Name and Specifications	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
Materials Perimeter fence (10m x 28)		L.S.	3,500.00	3,500.00
SUB-TOTAL				3,500.00
Direct Cost (C + E)				8,000.00
Overhead, Contingencies & Miscellaneous	(OCM) 159	%		1,200.00
Contractor's Profit (CP)	109	%		800.00
Value Added Tax (VAT) * (EDC, OCM, Profit)	5%			500.00
Total Cost				10,500.00
Total Unit Cost				375.00



Email: universitypresident@minsu.edu.ph Website: www.minsu.edu.ph Mobile: +63 977 846 72 28



September 13, 2023

DR. LEVY B. ARAGO JR. University President This University

THRU: MERVIN L. ICALLA

Director for Auxiliary and General Services

MIN	DORO STATE UNIVERSITY
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10	RECORDS
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DAT	E: 10/10/2
TIM	E: 1(-1)
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Sir:

Greetings!

The Research Project entitled "Strengthening Weather Monitoring System Through Hydrologic Response Modeling in Mag-Asawang Tubig Watershed" in which aims to strengthen real-time weather monitoring system in Mag-asawang Tubig Watershed in Naujan using an Automated Arduino-based Synoptic weather Station (IOT based technology) and modelling of hydrologic cycle and water yield assessment using GIS-based technology, has been in the process of completing its core objectives including the 3 studies dealing with GIS-based Suitability Analysis, Hydrologic Modeling of the Watershed and Design and Development of Locally-made Automatic Weather Station. For the last months, the project plan and the activities listed on the Gantt chart has been on the process of completion all thanks to the combined efforts of the member of the team.

Relative to this, the undersigned would like to request assistance on the construction of two sets of a 12m2 fence and a 10m tower for the deployment of the locally made Arduino-based Automatic Weather Station. Furthermore, we are requesting for another two sets of towers for the antenna for the gateway to be situated at the IABE Building. Attached herewith is the LIB of the project, MOA and the proposal.

Very truly yours,

ENGR. CHRISTIAN B. HERNANDEZ

Project Leader

Noted:

MACARIO B. MASAGCA, JR. M.Sc. Director for Research and Development

Recommending Approval:

CHRISTIAN ANTHONY C. AGUTAYA, Ph.D.

Vice President for Research, Development and Extension

Approved:

LEVY B. ARAGO IR., Ph.D.

University President



oro State University

Victoria, Oriental Mindord 5205 Philippines

Email: universitypresident@minsu.edu.ph Website: www.minsu.edu.ph Mobile: +63 977 846 72 28



September 12, 2023

DR. LEVY B. ARAGO JR. University President This University

ATTENTION: MERVIN L. ICALLA

Director for Auxiliary and General Services

MINDORO STATE UNIVERSITY Victoria, Oriental Mendero, 6205 Philippines
RECEIVED
RECORDS OFFICE
BY:
DATE:
TIME:
CONTROL #_ /176

Sir:

Greetings!

The Research Project entitled "Strengthening Weather Monitoring System Through Hydrologic Response Modeling in Mag-Asawang Tubig Watershed" in which aims to strengthen real-time weather monitoring system in Mag-asawang Tubig Watershed in Naujan using an Automated Arduino-based Synoptic weather Station (IOT based technology) and modelling of hydrologic cycle and water yield assessment using GIS-based technology, has been in the process of completing its core objectives including the 3 studies dealing with GIS-based Suitability Analysis, Hydrologic Modeling of the Watershed and Design and Development of Locally-made Automatic Weather Station. For the last months, the project plan and the activities listed on the Gantt chart has been on the process of completion all thanks to the combined efforts of the member of the team.

Relative to this, the undersigned would like to request for a site location for the deployment of the locally made Arduino-based Automated Weather Station at Mindoro State University Main Campus-Alcate Victoria as a result of the Suitability Analysis conducted in accordance to the standards given by World Meteorological Organization (WMO).

Very truly yours,

ENGR. CHRISTIAN B. HERNANDEZ

Project Leatler

Noted:

MAGARIO B. MASAGCA, JR. M.Sc. Director for Research and Development

Recommending Approval:

AGUTAYA, Ph.D. CHRISTIAN ANTHONY S Vice President for Research, Development and Extension

ed Disapproved:

LEVY B. ARAGO JR.

University President

DOST Form A

DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Project Line Item Budget CY 2022

Project Title: Strengthening Weather Monitoring System Through Hydrologic Response Modeling in Mag-Asawang Tubig Watershed

Project Duration: One (1) Year

Project Duration: October 2022 - September 2023 implementing Agency: MinSU- Main Campus

Project Leader: Engr. Christian B. Hernandez / Instuctor 1

Monitoring Agency: DOST-MIMAROPA

		COUNT	CODADT CUMPING			GRAND
			ERPART FUNDING (JanSeptember.)	DOST-MiMaRoPa	_	TOTAL
L Personal Services						
A. Direct Cost						
Salaries Three (3) Instructor I @ PhP 29,608.00/mo		266,472.00	799,416.00			
THOS OF HALLOCAL TOO, I THOUGHT TO THE TOTAL THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TOTAL TO THE TO						
Honoraria				105,600.00		105,600.00
1 Project Leader (PhP8,800 x 12 mo.) 2 Project Staff Level 2 (PhP6,600 x 12 mo.)				144,000.00		144,000.00
2 Project Stain Level 2 (Phrojodu x 12 mb.)						
Sub-total for PS	P	266,472.00 P	799,416.00 P	249,600.00	P	1,315,488.00
II. Maintenance and Operating Expenses						
A. Direct Cost						
Travelling expenses		30,000.00		142,141.00		172,141.00
Local Supplies and Materials		30,000.00				-
Office supplies		12,500.00		12,500.00		25,000.00
Semi-Expendable-Machinery Expenses				12,500.00		12,500.00
1 Printer (L3110 Eco-Tank 3-in-1) Fuel, Oil and Lubricants Expenses		15,000.00		50,069.42		65,069.42
Communication (Internet, Postage, Telephone)				0.000.00		e one es
Postage and Courier Expenses				6,000,00 20,650,00		6,000.00 20,650.00
Telephone Expenses - Mobile				24,000.00		24,000.00
1 Year Load Subscription 3mbps @ PhP 2,000.00 per mo Internet Subscription Expenses				47,282.00		47,282.00
Dedicated Server 1 year Subscription + Domain Name (www.sample.com) @				104,349.96		104,349.96
Utility Expenses						
Water Expenses Electricity Expenses						-
Training and Scholarship Expenses (Please indicate)				F 200 00		# nan na
Printing and Binding Expenses				5,000.00 25,000.00		5,000.00 25,000.00
Rent Expenses (van and boat rental) Presentation Expenses (e.g. food for meetings, etc.)		20,000.00		15,000.00		35,000.00
Professional Services						440,000,00
Two (2) Science Research Assistant SG 11 (PhP 23,877 x 3mo.)		143,262.00				143,262.00 71,631.00
One (1) Computer Programmer (Software) SG 11 (PhP 23,877 x 3mo.)		71,631.00 5 3 ,697.00				53,697.00
One (1) Utility Foreman (Hardware) SG 7 (PhP 17,899 x 3mo.)		dolobi ida				
B. Indirect Cost						
Utilities						
Supplies and Materials Expenses						
Sub-total for MODE	Р	346,090.00 p	P	464,492.38		810,582.38
PUD-IDENTO TRAVE						
III. Saulament Outley						
III. Equipment Outlay 2 High-end Leptop				120,000.00		120,000.00
50YE i5 8gb 512 SSD RTX 3050				120,000.00		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
15.6" FHD IPS 144H				1,453,707.62		1,453,707.62
2 sets Arduino-based synoptic weather station				250,000.00		250,000.00
2 sets Perimeter Fence and Fower 1 set Perimeter Fence and Pole at Bridge Outlet				50,000.00		50,000.00
	P	. p		P 1,873,707.62		1,873,707.62
Sub-total for Equipment Outlay	F					2 000 779 00
GRAND TOTAL	P	612,562.00 P	799,416.00	p 2,587,800.00		3,999,778.00
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Prepared by:

ENGR-CHRISTIAN B. HERNANDEZ Instructor I, MinSU

JEFFREY D. VARELA Objet Administrative Officer, DOST-MIMAROPA

Noted by:

Endorsed By:

ESSE M. PINE

Provincial S&T Director, DOST-Oriental Mindoro

Certified Funds Available

MARIA CRISTINA D. SISCAR, C.P.A Accountant III, MinSU

Approved by:

DR. MA. JOSEFINA P. ABILAY Regional Director, DOST-MIMAROPA



DOST Form 2 (for Basic/Applied Research) DETAILED RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT PROJECT PROPOSAL

(1) PROJECT PROFILE

Program Title: STRENGTHENING WEATHER MONITORING SYSTEM THROUGH HYDROLOGIC

RESPONSE MODELING IN MAG-ASAWANG TUBIG WATERSHED

Project Title: DEVELOPMENT OF AN ARDUINO-BASED AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION AT MAG-

ASAWANG TUBIG WATERSHED

Project Leader/Sex: **ENGR. CHRISTIAN B. HERNANDEZ/Male** Project Duration (number of months): **1 year and 2 months**

Project Start Date: **November 2022**Project End Date: **December 2023**

Implementing Agency (Name of University-College-Institute, Department/Organization or Company): MINDORO STATE

UNIVERSITY-MAIN CAMPUS (MinSU-Main Campus)

Address/Telephone/Fax/Email (Barangay, Municipality, District, Province, Region): ALCATE, VICTORIA, ORIENTAL MINDORO

(2) COOPERATING AGENCY/IES (Name/s and Address/es)

- Mindoro State University-Main Campus (MinSU-Main Campus)
- PDRRMO-Oriental Mindoro

(3) SITE(S) OF	IMPLEMENT!	ATION				and the second
IMPLEMEN	COUNTRY	REGION	PROVINCE	DISTRICT	MUNICIPALITY	BARANGAY
TATION SITES NO.						
1.	Philippines	IV-B	ORIENTAL MINDORO	FIRST	VICTORIA	ALCATE
2.	Philippines	IV-B	ORIENTAL MINDORO	FIRST	TO BE IDENTIFIED (Site Validation is still on process)	TO BE IDENTIFIED (Site Validation is still on process)

(4) TYPE OF RESEARCH Basic X Applied	(5) R&D PRIORITY AREA & PROGRAM (based on HNRDA 2017-2022) X Agriculture, Aquatic and Natural Resources Commodity: Health Priority Topic: Industry, Energy and Emerging Technology Sector: X Disaster Risk Reduction and Climate Change Adaptation (Observation and monitoring networks, technology development and application for monitoring) X Basic Research Sector: Water Security/Watershed studies
Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) Addressed	1. SDG 13 – CLIMATE ACTION 2. SDG 15 – LIFE IN LAND

(6) EXECUTIVE SUMMARY (not to exceed 200 words)

Aiming to strengthen real-time and reliable weather monitoring system in Mag-asawang Tubig Watershed in Naujan, Oriental Mindoro using an automated Arduino-based synoptic weather station through

modeling of hydrologic activities, a 3-phase project entitled "STRENGTHENING WEATHER MONITORING SYSTEM THROUGH HYDROLOGIC RESPONSE MODELING IN MAG-ASAWANG TUBIG WATERSHED" was proposed. The first phase is the Suitability Analysis, second is the development of Arduino-based Weather station and the third one is the evaluation of Hydrologic response at Mag-asawang Tubig watershed. This is a 11-month duration project with estimated budget for funding of Php. 2,764,157.58 in partnership with the Provincial Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Office (PDRRMO).

The team is led by Engr. Christian Hernandez, together with his members Mr. John Edgar Anthony, and Mr. Harold Bangalisan who are dedicated instructors and researchers at Mindoro State University, Main Campus. The project aims to improve the quality of life through precise and accurate weather data for Mag-

asawang Tubig Watershed and agricultural activities nearby.

(7) INTRODUCTION

Oriental Mindoro is bequeathed with ample and rich agricultural base (Agri-Infohub, 2023) but is highly prone to natural disasters. Based on geographical and hydrological studies, flooding occurs when large volumes of water traverses from Mag-asawang Tubig and Bucayao rivers which would directly affect Calapan City, Naujan, Victoria, and Baco. Mag-asawang Tubig, being one of the largest watershed in the province, contributes greatly to the increasing occurrences of this natural hazard (Mag Asawang Tubig Riverside Resilience, 2021).

Among the challenges that are currently encountered by the PDRRM and MDRRM personnel and researchers are the limited number and uneven distribution of weather monitoring stations in strategic places coupled with erroneous time series data. Moreover, historic mesoclimate data restored from these devices are not readily accessible which can be a reliable source of information to create an effective early warning protocols to minimize potential impacts of flood hazards in highly susceptible communities (The Global Green Growth Institute, 2021). Given that there are only few weather stations built and it is outside the radius of influence in the watershed, there is still a strong need for accessible, reliable, and accurate weather data, especially that the nearby land area of the watershed is used for Agricultural production. In the same way, there were no Agrometeorological stations provided in the province which indicates that there is scarcity in hydrometeorological data for agricultural purposes.

Hence, development of an automated Arduino-based synoptic weather station that can provide readily accessible near real-time and historic microclimate to mesoclimate data necessary to model hydrologic responses of Mag-asawang Tubig Watershed and further strengthen weather monitoring systems in the Oriental Mindoro for both Disaster risk reduction and management and agrometeorological supply of

information.

(7.1) RATIONALE/SIGNIFICANCE (not to exceed 300 words)

Oriental Mindoro is highly susceptible to natural hazards. It is prone to tropical cyclones, earthquake, tsunami, and floods. Flash flood is the most frequent hazard that affects the province. Conditions that cause floods include typhoons as well as heavy or steady torrential rains for several hours or days that saturate the ground. Flash floods occur suddenly due to rapid rising of water along a stream or low-lying area.

The whole island of Mindoro has a myriad of rivers and streams. Among these prominent rivers posing immediate hydrologic hazards are Bucayao and Mag-asawang Tubig River Systems that flow in the alluvial plains of Calapan City, Naujan, and Victoria. Eighty-five barangays or 19.95 percent of the total 426 barangays

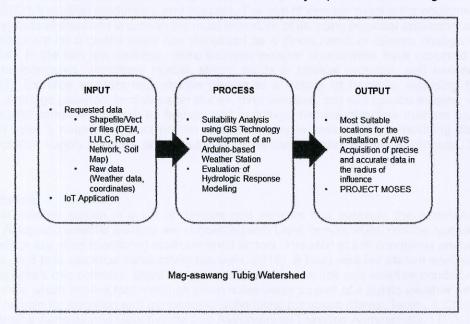
in Oriental Mindoro are identified as highly susceptible to flooding.

Based on geographical and hydrological studies, flooding occurs when large volumes of water traverses from Mag-asawang Tubig and Bucayao rivers which would directly affect Calapan City, Naujan, Victoria, and Baco.

Monitoring devices are deployed in the province to mitigate the effects of these natural hazards. In Oriental Mindoro, there are 46 Hydrometeorological devices installed which are both operational and nonoperational and only two of those are AWS. In a separate record, there are 4 Synoptic Weather Stations constructed and operated by PAGASA where 2 were installed at Oriental Mindoro, particularly at Puerto Galera, station 5120, and Calapan City, station 5122, both are Synoptic Weather Station (PAGASA, 2023). There are only few weather stations built as it reflects that there is a scarcity of local meteorological data in the province. Moreover, among the presented hydrometeorological devices installed, there was no agrometeorological device given that this province is known to be Rice Granary of MIMAROPA and Fruit Basket of Southern Tagalog (Agri-Infohub, 2023).

(7.2) SCIENTIFIC BASIS/THEORETICAL FRAMEWORK

The scientific basis/theoretical Framework of the study is presented in the figure below.



(7.3) OBJECTIVES

Generally, this project intends to strengthen real-time and reliable weather monitoring system in Magasawang Tubig Watershed in Naujan, Oriental Mindoro using an automated Arduino-based synoptic weather station through modeling of hydrologic activities.

Specifically, the study aims to:

- 1. Develop an automated Arduino-based synoptic weather station equipped with microprocessors and wireless fidelity data-transmitting device.
- Deploy and evaluate the performance of the developed Arduino-based synoptic weather station in accordance with the required statistical weather parameters (temperature, pressure, rainfall, relative humidity, solar radiation, wind speed, wind direction, soil temperature and moisture and stream flow);
- 3. Assess and analyze microclimate data transmitted by the deployed synoptic weather station.
- 4. Obtain comprehensive soil survey to define soil properties in more detailed approach and conduct topographic mapping in areas bounded by the proposed study site.
- 5. Evaluate the suitability of SWAT model in Mag-asawang Tubig watershed using remotely sensed climatic data as warm-up historical data that will be integrated to the designed synoptic weather station:
- Simulate the hydrologic responses to land use and land cover change of Mag-asawang Tubig watershed.
- 7. Calibrate and validate the model at the streamflow monitoring point of the watershed using SUFI-2 algorithm in SWAT-CUP; and
- Assess climate change impacts in the largest watershed in Oriental Mindoro using scenario analysis in the SWAT model.

(8) REVIEW OF LITERATURE

Presented in this chapter is the review of related literatures used in the project.

Weather Monitoring

The monitoring of the weather is a vital activity in many different fields of application, such as high precision agriculture (Sawant, Durbha, & Jagarlapudi, 2017), outdoor entertainment and recreation (Finger & Lehmann, 2012), industrial production, and logistics. The use of weather monitoring equipment in the context of monitoring natural disasters is among the most important of its many potential applications. The frequency of natural disasters on a global scale has increased as a direct result of climate change (Banholzer & J. Kossin, 2014). In the last few decades, more extreme weather phenomena have occurred, such as higher and lower temperatures, significant rainfall, strong winds in tropical cyclones, and exacerbated droughts (Aalst, 2006). Extreme weather can expose people to a variety of hazards, including flash flooding in subsurface drainage galleries, landslides on slopes, river overflow, soil and coastal erosion, and the collapse of infrastructural components such as houses and buildings. Natural disasters that are caused by climate change can have a negative impact on the local economy in several ways, including the destruction of productive capital, supply linkages, and housing stock (Boustan, Kahn, Rhode, & Yanguas, 2020)

Weather Station

The weather station is a set of devices and sensors that measure the atmosphere and ground conditions. Automatic weather stations are concerned with Light, temperature, relative humidity, precipitation, and wind, which are often monitored environmental factors. Included in soil conditions are soil moisture, soil temperature, and bulk electrical conductivity (Jenkins, 2015). A local weather station enables the monitoring of a growing area's microclimate. Significantly or data such as rainfall and weather conditions can vary over short distances, which implies that readings taken miles away as part of a public weather network may need to be more reliable for irrigation and temperature scheduling purposes (Bayer, Iersel, & Chappell, 2017).

Philippine Atmospheric Geophysical and Astronomical Services Administration (PAGASA) presented different field weather station categories. These are Synop, Upper-Air, Radar Station, Agromet, Official Rain, Cooperative Rain, Official Climat, Cooperative Climat, Port Meteorological Office, Airport, Indiana Cooperative Rain, Official Climat, Cooperative Climat, Port Meteorological Office, Airport, Indiana Cooperative Rain, Official Climat, Cooperative Climat, Port Meteorological Office, Airport, Indiana Cooperative Rain, Official Climat, Cooperative Climater (Indiana) (Ind

Hydrometeorological Station, and Evaporation Station (Field Station Categories).

This study focuses on suitability analysis to select the best area where a weather station will be developed and located. As stated above, a weather station refers to a set of devices and sensors that monitors and regulates the atmospheric conditions in a particular area where PAGASA identifies different categories. Two of those are the Synoptic Weather Station and Agrometeorological Station, the types of the station to be built in the suitability analysis.

Synoptic Weather Station

According to Khare (2018), the word synoptic is comprised of two separate words: SYN, which means "together," and OPTIC, which means "view." Synoptic refers to various viewpoints in which things are depicted concurrently. Thus, it is a branch of meteorology in which weather elements are plotted and analyzed, and the atmosphere is studied. For short-term forecasting, these actions are taken to comprehend the atmosphere's behavior and predict the future performance and movement of the various systems for up to 72 hours. The fundamental sciences of Synoptic Meteorology are Physical and Dynamic meteorology. The essential instruments necessary for the study are weather charts.

Moreover, Synop or Surface Synoptic Station is where observations of nearly all meteorological elements are made at regular intervals and transmitted to the Central Office. PAGASA is in charge of maintaining and operating these stations. It is responsible for disseminating public weather forecasts, tropical storm bulletins, warnings and advisories, and other pertinent information to save the general public's lives

and property (Field Station Categories).

Observing various components is the principal and most essential method for researching the atmosphere. These measurements plot on various charts, and the analysis of these charts will aid in comprehending the three-dimensional image of the various systems or atmospheres. There are several significant aspects to consider when studying the atmosphere. Four variables are considered in a synoptic station: pressure, temperature, water vapor, and wind (Khare, 2018).

The weather station design to be built as a continuation of suitability analysis is composed of various sensors and devices, which makes it categorized as a synoptic weather station. The information above serves as the basis for the researchers to design the synoptic station after locating the best location from the suitability analysis.

Agrometeorological Station (Agro-Met)

Agrometeorological Station, also known as Agro-Met, is an additional derivative station that uses the advanced remote data-acquisition unit (arQ). It is equipped with multi-parameter weather sensors that simultaneously measure wind speed and direction; air temperature; air humidity; air pressure, rain amount, duration and intensity, soil moisture and temperature, solar radiation, and sunshine duration. According to DOST Advanced Science and Technology Institute, the station receives data from a sensor for transmission through SMS or satellite network (About Agro-Met).

Moreover, to be classified as Agricultural Meteorological Station, World Meteorological Organization (WMO) has presented several functions. First, Principal agricultural meteorological stations simultaneously give detailed meteorological and biological information and are the sites where agricultural meteorology research is conducted. The instrumental equipment, range, and frequency of observations in both meteorological and biological disciplines, as well as the competent staff, are such that fundamental research can be conducted on agricultural meteorological issues of importance to the concerned countries or regions

(Guide to Agricultural Meteorological Practices, 2010).

Second, a standard agricultural meteorological station routinely delivers simultaneous meteorological and biological data and may be configured to aid in investigating particular issues. In general, the study program for biological or phenological observations will be tied to the local atmospheric regime of the station and local agriculture. Third, an auxiliary agricultural meteorological station offers meteorological and biological information. The meteorological information may include soil temperature, moisture, potential evapotranspiration, duration of vegetative wetness, and precise data in the lowest atmospheric layer. The biological data may include phenology, the initiation and spread of plant diseases, and others. Lastly, a station set up temporarily or permanently for the observation of one or more variables and remarkable phenomena is referred to as an agricultural meteorological station (Guide to Agricultural Meteorological Practices, 2010). Any of these functions must be satisfied in order to be considered an Agro-met station.

The weather station to be built in the Suitability Analysis in this study falls under the Agro-met station as it was designed to give detailed atmospheric and biological information simultaneously. These are also the sites where agricultural meteorology research is conducted, in this case, for hydrologic response modeling, which is the third micro study after suitability analysis and development of the weather station. Also, it serves as an auxiliary of agricultural meteorological information, which are the weather parameters that the weather

station will detect.

IoT in Weather Station

The development of Internet of Things (IoT)-based sensing technologies has enhanced the precision with which environmental conditions may be monitored. Energy-efficient wireless sensor networks can be utilized to monitor time-sensitive occurrences in emergency management (Erd, Schaeffe, M., & Reindl, 2016). Nevertheless, meteorological measurements remotely gathered from weather stations serve a crucial role in alerting the public to the approaching risk of natural disasters. Radar and weather stations continue to be one of the primary sources of accurate and reliable weather measurements for natural catastrophe monitoring.

Meteorological Variables

The meteorological variables in a weather station are temperature, atmospheric pressure, humidity, wind speed and direction, precipitation, and cloudiness (Meteorological Models, 2021). To maintain accurate readings, meteorologists must constantly monitor these variables. There are several types of weather measurement devices; these devices measure different weather variables. Each type of device is reliable and accurate when used correctly. These instruments included in these stations are used for monitoring, measuring, and sometimes regulating the different weather variables in a large-scale area.

Temperature

In simple terms, temperature is referred as a measure of degree of hotness or coldness that can be expressed in variety of scales, particularly Fahrenheit and Celsius. Temperature shows the direction of the spontaneous movement of heat energy, i.e., from a hotter body (one with a higher temperature) to a colder body (one at a lower temperature) (Gaur A., 2022). Likewise, temperatures of the air and water are principally influenced by how much sunlight is received by the Earth's surface and how much heat is reflected back into space by greenhouse gases. Regional temperature patterns are shaped by the circulation of the ocean and atmosphere, which redistributes heat over the Earth's surface (UGC Berkeley, 2018). Temperature affects all operations of systems in different fields which imposes its significance. According to Nowak (2021), it is critical to take into account all of the various implications that rising global mean air temperatures will have on the

environment, including changes in species ranges, altered energy consumption, and effects on plant and human health.

Due to their direct and indirect effects on regulating the climate, trees and forests also have an impact on environmental quality, human health, and well-being. Globally, trees and forests have an impact on local climates by directly modifying air temperatures and other meteorological factors as well as indirectly influencing greenhouse gas emissions and atmospheric carbon dioxide (CO2) concentration. Local climate can have a significant impact on human health and well-being in metropolitan environments because populations are densely packed into relatively limited regions. Therefore, urban forests' essential contributions to local climate regulation have a significant impact on the wellbeing of the majority of humanity. Many facets of climate are impacted by trees, but this chapter will concentrate on variations in air temperature (Nowak, 2021).

To measure temperature, thermometers are used. Thermometers come in a variety of designs. The most common ones use the features of a substance's expansion and contraction in relation to temperature, the useful electrical qualities (electrical resistance), or the characteristics between temperature and heat radiation energy released from a substance's surface. Over discrete intervals of several seconds, the temperature of the air changes continually within a range of 1 to 2 °C. The WMO suggests that if a thermometer with a very tiny time constant is being used, several readings should be obtained because the best indicative value of air temperature is the average collected over a one-minute period. A thermometer with a large time constant smoothed out rapid changes. However, lags in reaction to temperature variation will result in inaccuracies if the time constant is too great. The WMO advises that the time constant be between 30 and 60 seconds for a wind speed of 5 ms⁻¹ since the time constant of a thermometer varies inversely with the square root of wind speed (WMO, 2010).

Pressure

The pressure is the force per unit area that opposes the movement of air or fluid. In weather forecasting, the pressure is measured in inches of mercury (Hg). It is calculated by multiplying the atmospheric pressure (in Pascals) by 1000 (Rodriguez, 2022). The atmospheric pressure is determined by the weight of the atmosphere above a given point. Air exerts pressure due to its weight. When the atmospheric pressure is higher at sea level than at higher elevations, the air is heavier at sea level than it is at higher elevations. Pressure, as one of the weather variables, influences the weather in a variety of ways. For example, it controls the temperature and the moisture in the atmosphere. Pressure is often measured using a barometer. A barometer is a simple instrument that measures air pressure. It has a tube connected to the top and the bottom with a liquid level in the middle. As the air pressure increases, the liquid level rises higher in the tube (Ahmad, Kanth, Parvaze, & Mahdi, 2017).

Humidity

Humidity measures the amount of water vapor in the air. When a vapor pressure value is calculated, the picture is not complete until that number is contrasted with the saturation vapor pressure at the air's temperature. The difference (given in percentage) between the saturation vapor pressure (t) at the appropriate temperature and the vapor pressure (e) is thus used to define the relative humidity (h) (Ramis, Romero, & Alonso, 2019). The higher the humidity, the more water vapor is present and the lower the temperature. A dry environment has low humidity, while a humid environment has high humidity (Cundiff, 2021). The two main types of humidity are absolute and relative humidity. Absolute humidity refers to the actual amount of water vapor present in the air, while relative humidity refers to the ratio of the amount of water vapor in the air to the maximum amount that the air can hold at a given temperature (What is Humidity? Its Types and Effect on Temperature, 2022).

For a number of reasons, atmospheric water vapor is a significant weather variable. By absorbing thermal radiation from the Sun and the Earth, it controls the temperature of the air. Furthermore, more latent energy is available to create storms the higher the atmosphere's vapor content. Additionally, the primary cause of all condensation and precipitation is water vapor (Gaur A., humidity, 2022).

Moreover, Hygrometers are devices that measure the relative humidity directly. The analog hygrometers use the variation in length that human hair especially that of a blond woman, experiences with a change in the relative humidity, as opposed to the digital hygrometers, which are typically based on some change of the electric properties of some material as function of the relative humidity of the air (Lotha, 2019).

Wind Speed and Direction

Among the many factors that meteorologists monitor when observing the weather are wind speed and direction. The wind's strength and direction can provide important hints for interpreting the weather and are key factors in predicting future conditions.

Wind is nothing more than air moving, and it develops as a result of climatic and weather patterns that result in variations in air pressure. As sunlight strikes the earth, pockets of warmer and cooler air form, unevenly warming the air due to diverse geographical characteristics on the surface of the planet and the varying angles at which the sunlight strikes. As warm air rises and leaves a region of low pressure behind it, temperature variations in the air result in pressure differences. Gases in the air are less dense where there is lower pressure. Gases flow from high-pressure regions to low-pressure regions as a result of the diffusion principle. The speed at which the gases flow and produce wind depends on how much pressure exists between two locations (Gaur A. , wind, 2022).

Different wind patterns can be seen on a bigger scale in various habitats and geographical areas. Because inland areas heat up on sunny days, the air above the land becomes warmer, which frequently results in sea breezes. The cooler air over the sea then diffuses its way inland, producing a breeze (Pielke, 2014). Globally, comparable patterns give rise to broad-ranging wind patterns like the trade winds. The air heats up, rises, and spreads north and south high above the ground in tropical regions that are constantly warm. The cooler air from the north and south is drawn inward and toward the tropics higher up in the atmosphere. Trade winds are caused by the Coriolis effect, in which moving air masses have a tendency to curve as a result of the Earth's rotation (What are the trade winds?, 2022).

Certain operations necessitate the measurement of wind because wind speed and direction offer crucial information about the concentration and transport of air pollutants. In order to enable regulatory air quality modelling as outlined in the Guideline on Air Quality Models, the USEPA mandates that regulatory air quality management organizations analyze specific meteorological data, such as wind speed and direction. In order to know how air pollution produced by industrial activities will be spread, many industrial operations, including power plants and mining sites, use anemometer technology (Air Quality Measurements Series: Wind Speed and Direction, 2021).

Furthermore, one of the most often used styles of wind monitoring equipment is the cup anemometer. It is intended to measure wind speed. This gadget catches the wind thanks to three or four little hemispheres or cups that are mounted on the arms. The number of rotations the cups make are counted by an electrical device, and the wind speed is then determined. These wind-monitoring tools might be useful for identifying weather trends and forecasting impending weather patterns. Cup anemometers are frequently used at weather stations and in other locations, such as airports, where it is crucial to measure wind speed (What Is a Wind Direction Instrument and How Does It Work?, 2021).

Precipitation

Precipitation is defined as water in a liquid or solid state that falls from clouds or condenses from airborne water vapor to form on the ground and other objects (Types of Precipitation, 2022). Precipitation may be continuous (temperate-intense) and produced mostly by stratocumulus clouds, heavy, from cumulonimbus, or drizzle, frequently from stratus clouds, depending on the mechanism of cloud growth and structure. Ground hydrometeors are the term for precipitation that forms on the surface of the earth and includes dew, various types of rime, hoarfrost, black and hard frost, and glaze. Common rainfall tools are used to measure the precipitation. Rainfall is recorded at meteorological stations using various rain gauges, recording rain gauges (pluviographs), or by radar, which permits assessment of both the area and intensity of the precipitation fall (Borzenkova, 2019).

Cloudiness

The presence of clouds is crucial for understanding and forecasting the weather. Cloud cover affects the sky's conditions and helps forecast precipitation, but it also helps control the local temperature. Cloud cover has the potential to reduce a region's ability to cool at night. The heat from the sun that the ground absorbs throughout the day is often released at night as Earth cools. A mechanism called as radiative cooling causes the warm air close to the ground to ascend. However, part of the heat is captured and reflected back to Earth by the clouds if there is a substantial amount of cloud cover over the area where such radiative cooling is occurring. This maintains the surface at a higher temperature than it would be on a clear night (Brown, 2022).

Understanding climate change requires a thorough understanding of clouds, including their locations and features. Low, dense clouds mainly serve to deflect solar energy and chill the Earth's surface. High, thin clouds mostly reflect incoming solar radiation; but, they also trap part of the infrared radiation that the Earth emits and reflect it back down, warming the Earth's surface. The altitude, size, and composition of the cloud's constituent particles are all important in determining whether a given cloud will heat or cool the surface. Although the balance between the cooling and warming impacts of clouds is fairly close, cooling predominates when the effects of all the clouds on the planet are averaged (Graham, 1999).

Solar radiation, as mentioned above, is a broad word for the electromagnetic radiation that the sun emits. It is also sometimes referred to as the solar resource or just sunshine. A multitude of devices can be used to collect solar radiation and transform it into useful forms of energy, such as heat and electricity. However, the technological viability and cost-effectiveness of these systems at a particular area depends on the solar resource available (Solar Energy Technologies Office, 2021).

Moreover, Solar Energy Technologies Office (2021) stated that at various periods of the year, scientists measure the amount of sunshine that strikes particular regions. The amount of sunshine that strikes areas with comparable climates and latitudes is then estimated. Total radiation on a horizontal surface or total radiation on a surface that tracks the sun are the two common ways that solar energy is measured. Kilowatthours per square meter (kWh/m²) are frequently used to express radiation statistics for solar electric (photovoltaic) systems. Watts per square meter (W/m²) can also be used to indicate direct estimations of solar energy. British thermal units per square foot (Btu/ft²) are the standard unit of measurement for radiation data for solar water heating and space heating systems.

Observations of Physical Environment

WMO presented guidelines on the accuracy of weather variables in an Agrometeorological stations. Table 2 presents the minimum accuracy recommended by WMO.

Table 2. Minimum accuracy recommended by WMO (WMO, 2010).

Variable	Accuracy Required in Daily Values		
Temperature, including max/min, wet and dry bulb, soil	< ±0.5°C		
Rainfall	±1 mm		
Solar Radiation	10% (±1h)		
Evaporation	±1 mm		
Relative humidity	±5%		
Photoperiod	10% (±1h)		
Wind speed	±0.5 ms ⁻¹		
Air pressure	±0.1 hPa		

Agricultural meteorological stations' observing schedules should include measurements of some or all of the following factors that describe the physical environment which are solar radiation, sunshine and cloudiness, air and soil temperature, air pressure, wind speed and direction, air humidity and soil moisture, evaporation and precipitation, comprising observations of hail, dew and fog. From these observations and others, one can infer the water balance, evapotranspiration, and other fluxes (WMO, 2010).

The most common weather variables are temperature, pressure, humidity, wnd speed and direction, precipitation, and solar radiation. These meteorological parameters mentioned are the weather variables considered in the weather station to be built. The accuracy of these weather data in the weather station are highly dependent on this study, using Suitability Analysis as the efficiency of the weather data to be gathered are determined on the best location of the weather station using this method. Likewise, the presented guidelines will be used as basis for the instruments to be used in the construction of the weather station proceeding from Suitability Analysis.

Suitability Analysis

As stated by ArcGIS Pro 3.0, Suitability Analysis enables data to categorize, contrast, and rank potential candidate sites according to how closely they comply with chosen and specified criteria. Suitability analysis is conducted on the polygonal inputs configured in the suitability analysis layer. These could be trade areas at potential sites, typical geographies like counties, or sales regions. Based on cr teria that are chosen and controlled, suitability layer candidate analyses are rated and scored. Three additional criteria can be added from three sources.

The first source is Variable-based criteria, where the Business Analyst dataset from the GIS tool can be used to augment the Suitability Analysis layer. Demographic, socioeconomic, and spending information are a few examples of variable-based criteria. Second is P int-based criteria, where data obtained from the closeness of points in a layer can be used to enhance the suitability analysis layer. It is necessary to specify whether the relationship between the Suitability Analysis layer and points will positively or negatively affect success when creating point-based criteria. Point-based factors include things like the proximity of clients or competitors, both of which may harm candidates. When using point-based criteria, one must define the type of criteria in one of three ways. First is the Count, which returns the overall number of points that are contained within each candidate area for the suitability analysis layer (ArcGIS Pro 3.0).

Second is Weight, which aggregates and delivers the sum of a numeric field value falling within each potential region for the Suitability Analysis layer, such as sales. Based on the Distance type and Measure Units chosen, the third one, which is Minimal Distance, returns the distance of the nearest point to each candidate area for the Suitability Analysis layer (ArcGIS Pro 3.0).

ArcGIS 3.0 identified the third source, which is the Field-based criterion. From the Suitability Analysis layer attribute table's existing fields, one may choose and build criteria. Square footage, the number of parking spaces accessible, and the presence of necessary amenities are a few examples of field-based criteria.

Different studies have utilized Suitability analysis in their research, and one of them is the GIS-based Multicriteria approaches to Land Use Suitability Assessment and Allocation.

A Multi-Criteria Decision Making (MCDM) problem is used to formulate the assessment of land suitability in a Geographic Information System (GIS) setting. The development of various MCDM techniques combines variables in a suitability analysis of land for future land uses. A general appropriateness index is created using these MCDM methods (Mendoza, 2019). It is inferred that the assessment of a site's suitability is fundamentally a multi-criteria challenge. In other words, a challenge combining evaluation and decision-making and multiple aspects is land suitability analysis.

Site Suitability Analysis will be used in the study to find out the best location where the Arduino-based Weather station proposed will be built in Mag-asawang Tubig. The criteria mentioned above are generally identified, and it varies depending on the purpose of the suitability analysis.

Criteria for Suitability Analysis

World Meteorological Organization identified the criteria that should be considered in locating the best place for the installation and development of weather stations, particularly for Agrometeorological Stations. The WMO recommends flat topography, crop-producing sites that are accessible, far from lakes and other bodies of water, inside of an institution, and that have a minimum land area of 1,980 square meters when putting up an agrometeorological station (Alejo, 2018). In summary, the criteria and data required for developing an Agrometeorological station is presented in Table 1.

Table 1. Suitability criteria for weather stations (Alejo, 2018).

Factor	Suitability Criteria.	Data Needed
Slope	0-3%	DEM
Land use	Cultivated, production areas, grasslands	Land use/Land Cover
Accessibility	At least 500 m from the road buffer	Roads

Location of Existing stations (synoptic and agrometeorological)	Areas outside its 9 km radius of influence	Existing Weather Stations	Site
Water bodies (Lakes and Coastline)	Outside 10 km buffer	LULC & coastline	
Availability of Host Institution	Inside 9 km radius	Locations of research-based government institutions	

Selection (Slope)

While the representativity of observations depends on their application, their accuracy at a given time is a determinable fixed property. The degree to which a measurement consistently depicts the value of a parameter (such as humidity or wind speed) at a given spatial scale for a particular purpose is known as representational quality. To provide stable representation, instrumentation, exposure, and observation processes must match, such as local 2-minute averages for aviation or hourly mesoscale averages for synoptic forecasts. Therefore, when choosing a location for a station, it is essential to consider the purpose of its observations first. Suppose the station is to be regionally representative, for example. In that case, an open location is preferred even in a wooded area because the station's observations must be related to the lower atmosphere of the region (Guide to Agricultural Meteorological Practices, 2010).

WMO also added that a weather station should not be located on concrete, asphalt, or crushed rock and instead be flat. Where the climate and soil do not support a grass cover, the ground should have a local natural cover to the greatest extent possible. Trees, bush s, and structures should be located within the instruments. Only when there are no shadows for most of the day can measurements of sunshine and radiation be obtained; there may be brief periods of shade near sunrise and sunset that cannot be avoided. A distance from barriers that is less than ten times their height should not be used to estimate the wind. Rain gauges should not be permitted to be dripped into trees.

Networks

For agro-met, according to WMO (2010), the number of stations within each region should depend on the region's size, the climatic kinds and subtypes, and the spatial differences of such things as the natural vegetation, significant crops, and agricultural practices. From a diff rent angle, marginal agricultural and forestry areas frequently merit special consideration. A primary g all of observations made in these areas would be to establish the geographic limits within which a particular crop could be successfully grown, or a particular agricultural or forestry practice might be profitable. Another goal would be to determine the frequency and typical geographic distributions of the main weather hazards to minimize their negative effects through preventative measures.

The presented criteria above, slope, land use, accessibility, location of existing stations, host institutions, and water bodies, serves as the basis for the study to identify and locate the best location for the development and installation of the Arduino-based Weather Station using the Suitability Analysis.

Geographic Information System (GIS)

As defined by WMO (2010), GIS stands for geographic information systems. It is a qui k way to combine different maps and satellite information sources in models that replicate the interactions of complex natural systems. GIS is significant for the suitability analysis of land uses. Also, GIS plays a vital role in decision-making for land development, maintenance, and conservation. GIS is a powerful and effective tool for analyzing spatial patterns of natural resources such as water, forest, and soil resources. GIS enables the mapping of various data such as soil type, vegetation cover, and land elevation. The tools used for GIS analysis include image analysis, explicit mapping, and analysis tools. GIS is a powerful tool that is widely used to analyze geospatial data related to land use patterns. It can be used for various purposes, including flood mapping, drought analysis, and urban planning. It can also be utilized to study the demographics of a particular area (Huisman & de By, 2009).

One of the features of GIS is that it is a collection of spatial data that can be analyzed using maps and other visual displays. It is also used to integrate and analyze different types of data cost-effectively. It helps in decision-making by providing an accurate picture of the state of a particular region. It can take

analysis large amounts of information and present it in a user-friendly format. It enables the exploration of the area of interest by displaying and analyzing various data types. It also helps to minimize costs because one does not have to collect data separately from different sources and then integrate it manually. GIS is a time-saving and cost-effective tool that helps analyze and make decisions related to land use patterns. GIS can be used to study the land and its characteristics in detail so that optimal use of resources can be made (GIS (Geographic Information System), 2022).

A Geographic Information System (GIS) is a Suitability Mapping instrument that has an advantage in Suitability Analysis. Hence this is the tool to be used in the study as it satisfies the study's objectives through

its features in the most effective way.

Digital Elevation Model

The Digital elevation model (DEM) is a geographically referenced model of the Earth's land surface. It is used for mapping, surveying, land management, and other applications. It is utilized in civil engineering, earth sciences, disaster management, urban planning, and other fields. It has been widely used for various activities related to topographic mappings, such as contour lines, drainage patterns, buildings, other structures, and others. It is also used extensively in terrain modeling applications such as modeling the ground displacements caused by explosions or landslides, evaluating the geologic hazards to aviation safety, planning and carrying out mining operations, designing structural foundations, and building levees and other flood protection systems. It depicts a continuous topographic elevation surface through a grid of cells. A feature's elevation (Z) at each cell's position is shown (X and Y). Because they only provided information on the elevation of geological (ground) features like valleys, mountains, and landslides, to mention a few, digital elevation models are a "bare earth" portrayal. They do not have any information on the elevation of any aboveground items, including vegetation or structures (What is a Digital Elevation Model (DEM)? 2022).

In this study, DEM depicts a continuous topographic elevation surface through a grid of cells. A feature's elevation (Z) at each cell's position is shown (X and Y). Because the only provide information on the elevation of geological (ground) features like valleys, mountains, and landslides, to mention a few, digital elevation models are a "bare earth" portrayal. The data using DEM will be used to identify the elevation in the province

of Oriental Mindoro to be used in the Suitability Analysis for slope criteria of 0-3%.

Land Use and Land Cover (LULC)

Land Use and Land Cover (LULC) data are essential for many purposes, such as mapping, inventorying, and planning. However, ac urate and up-to-date LULC data can be difficult to find or collect. Even though the terms land use and land cover are frequently used synonymously, their true meanings are considerably different. The Government of Canada differentiated the two, where the term "land cover" refers to the material that covers the surface of the ground, such as vegetation, urban infrastructure, water, bare soil, or another material. For the purpose of resource management, planning, and global monitoring studies, it is crucial to identify, delineate, and map the land cover. The baseline from which monitoring operations (change detection) can be carried out is established by identifying the land cover, which also supplies the ground cover data for baseline thematic maps.

Meanwhile, land use" describes a piece of land's function, such as agriculture, wildlife habitat, or recreation. Since time information is needed to determine the current quantity of land in what sort of use and to identify the land use changes from year to year, land use applications entail both baseline mapping and subsequent monitoring. This information will be used to create strategies that balance development demands, competing uses, and conservation. The loss or disruption of fertile land, urban sprawl, and forest depletion

are issues driving land use studies (Land Cover & Land Use, 2015).

Land Use and Land Cover are needed data for determining Land use in a particular place or location. In this study, these data will be utilized in Suitability Analysis for Land use where there should be a cultivation production area as stated in the criteria presented by WMO.

Road Network

According to Facao and Papa (2022), since the road network map, whose edges are determined by the roads connecting two reference points, is already defined by the adjacency relation of the graph, road networks place a new restriction on it. The goal of further research is to discover the best locations for different purposes on a specific road network instance so that they can arrive at the scene of an incident where the purpose is identified as quickly as possible.

Road network data is essential for urban planners, transportation engineers, and city administrators to support intelligent planning decisions. Many roads in urban areas have been created over the years and are no longer up-to-date with modern traffic management techniques or design standards. It is common practice for cities to periodically perform road audits to capture and update road network information. This information is often collected in the form of Geographic Information Systems (GIS) files that provide information about the road width, elevation, number of lanes, traffic volumes, etc. City planners can then use

this information to identify areas where improvements can be made to improve the safety and efficiency of the city's road network (Kerekes, 2018).

The edges or boundaries of a road network map are determined by the roads that are linked with two reference points, and it is often represented using a GIS tool. In this case, it can be used for the suitability analysis of the weather station for accessibility criteria to locate the best location for developing and installing the Arduino-based Weather Station.

Location of Research-based Institution

The choice of agro-meteorological stations, whether primary, ordinary, auxiliary, or for purposes, will differ from nation to nation, but there may be some general recommendations. All Agrometeorological stations should be situated in areas with active agricultural, forestry, pastoral, or other kinds of production, according to the first factor to be considered. In this regard, the following locations will frequently be appropriate for major (and typical) stations: 1) agricultural, horticultural, animal husbandry, forestry, hydrobiology, and soil science experimental stations or research facilities; 2) colleges that are connected to agriculture; 3) important areas for farming and animal husbandry; 4) areas for forestry; 5) National parks and reserves (Guide to Agricultural Meteorological Practices, 2010).

For security purposes, the weather station must be situated on any government property for a clean and smooth operation to occur. The information mentioned above serves as the basis for the study as one of the criteria for Suitability Analysis for developing the Arduino-based Weather Station.

Mesoscale and Microscale

WMO (2012) established guidelines in classifying the scales for the instrumentation of hydrometeorological devices. Under representativeness, which is defined as the degree where it accurately describe the value of the variable needed for a particular function. In addition, the quality is not fixed but results from joint appraisal of instrumentation, measurement interval and exposure against the requirements of some application. Hence, shorter-range weather forecasts require more frequent observations from a denser network across a smaller area in order to catch any small-scale phenomena and their rapid development. Forecasting scales are closely tied to the timescales of the phenomena. Horizontal meteorological scales can be categorized as follows, with a factor of two uncertainty, using a variety of sources: (a) Microscale (less than 100 m) for agricultural meteorology, for example, evaporation; (b) Toposcale or local scale (100-3 km), for example, air pollution, tornadoes; (c) Mesoscale (3-100 km), for example, thunderstorms, sea and mountain breeze.

In the study, microscale will be used for agricultural meteorology with maximum radius of influence of 100 m, while in terms of Disaster Risk Reduction and Management (DRRM), mesoscale was used with 3-100 km radius of influence chosen. According to the suitability analysis criteria, the distance from the existing weather stations should be 9 km, hence, 9 km radius of influence will be used in this study.

(9) METHODOLOGY

This project is divided into 3 parts which are: 1) Suitability Analysis using GIS Mapping; 2) Development of an Arduino-based Automatic Weather Station; 3) Evaluation of Hydrologic Response Modelling at Mag-asawang Tubig Watershed.

Suitability Analysis

After the approval of the project, the cooperating agency in coordination with the proponent will facilitate the procurement of equipment for the development of the Arduino-based synoptic weather station. At the same time, the team will coordinate with different agencies to request the data/shapefiles, vector files needed for Suitability Analysis:

- 1. NAMRIA DEM, Land Cover
- 2. BSWM Land Use
- 3. DPWH Road Networks
- PAGASA Weather data
 DOST List of Hydromete
- 5. DOST List of Hydrometeorological Devices installed, Government institutions.
- 6. DENR/PENRO LULC, DEM IFSAR, Soil Map
- 7. LGU (Calapan, Naujan, Victoria) Streamflow data, Soil Map, Land Use

After granting the request, the team will conduct the Suitability analysis using QGIS to locate the most suitable places to install the Arduino-based Weather Station.

Development of an Arduino-based Automatic Weather Station

Upon the delivery of the materials needed after the procurement process, the project team will start the development of the Arduino-based Weather Station in the selected locations. The proponent shall develop the automated Arduino-based synoptic weather station equipped with microprocessors and Wi-Fi data-transmitting device. The device will be deployed on assessed and validated strategic sites in Mag-asawang Tubig watershed. The proponent, with DOST's assistance, shall also conduct capability-building activities on the operation, maintenance, and troubleshooting of the developed device among PDRRMO staff.

An evaluation will be conducted before, during, and after the implementation of the project to monitor the effectivity and accuracy of the proposed technology.

A project staff from DOST and PDRRMO-Oriental Mindoro, and the proponent will be assigned and therefore compose the Project Management Team (PMT) which will oversee and administer the implementation of the project. Near real-time hydrologic and microclimate data will be recorded by the device and transmitted to (2) servers where the data will be analyzed, and hydrologic response modeling will be done.

After one year, the project should have been implemented and data gathering would go on for another year. Project MOSES (Monitoring and Observation of Site-specific E-weather Stations) will be established to monitor and regulate the accurate, integrated, and receptive atmospheric conditions of Mag-asawang Tubig using the data transmitted in the Arduino-based Weather Station. The impact of the project would be assessed based on its objectives and would be reported after the second year.

Evaluation of Hydrologic Response Modelling at Mag-asawang Tubig Watershed

After the successful installation and operation of the weather station, the project team will continue to study and evaluate the hydrologic response of Mag-asawang Tubig Watershed using the data transmitted from the developed Arduino-based Weather Station.

(10) TECHNOLOGY ROADMAP (if applicable) Refer to Annex A

(11) EXPECTED OUTPUTS (6Ps)

Publication:

The project targets to publish at least one (1) research output using the historical hydrologic data that can be gathered and analyzed from the proposed technology.

Patent/Intellectual Property:

After the development and optimization of Arduino-based synoptic weather station, the technology will be applied for intellectual property rights protection under Utility Model.

Product:

This project aims to develop an efficient and effective Arduino-based synoptic weather station that can be utilized in providing localized real-time microclimatic weather information from the identified watershed.

People Service:

The primary objective of this project is to improve the community's disaster preparedness and risk management. It also aims to capacitate DRRM officers on the operation, maintenance, and troubleshooting of equipment. It will also address the current problems encountered by researchers in the lack of access to credible historical weather data from the watersheds in the province.

Place and Partnership

The development of Arduino-based synoptic weather station will be done at Mindoro State University – Main Campus, Alcate, Victoria, Oriental Mindoro. Then, pilot testing of this technology will be conducted at Mag-asawang-tubig Watershed situated in Naujan and Victoria, Oriental Mindoro. Three servers located at MinSU-Main Campus, PDRRMO and DOST-Oriental Mindoro will be provided where collected data will be transmitted.

This project will be a collaborative undertaking between DOST-MIMAROPA, MinSU-Main Campus, and PDRRMO-Oriental Mindoro.

Policy

This study may be a possible basis for the improvement of disaster preparedness and mitigation plan and policies in the province, specifically on typhoon and flooding scenarios.

(12) POTENTIAL OUTCOMES

The Arduino-based synoptic weather station will be the first of its kind in the region which will strengthen real-time weather monitoring system in the largest watershed in Oriental Mindoro, the Magasawang Tubig watershed. It is targeted to provide and analyze readily accessible and reliable real-time microclimate data on the watershed which can be used in DRRM planning.

(13) POTENTIAL IMPACTS (2Is) Social Impact

The Mag-asawang Tubig watershed is the largest watershed in Oriental Mindoro, covering 140,222 hectares of land cover. This river traverses through portions of municipalities of Naujan and Victoria in Oriental Mindoro, and Sablayan in Occidental Mindoro. The monitoring system that will be developed in this study will establish an improved early warning protocol for PDRRMO and MDRRMOs that will effectively minimize impacts of flood hazards in highly susceptible communities within the watershed.

Economic impact

Through the strengthening of weather monitoring system and improvement of disaster prevention and mitigation protocols, economic losses will be minimized. Economic activity in the province will not be hampered or disrupted.

(14) TARGET BENEFICIARIES

The target beneficiaries for this project are the following:

- 1. Oriental Mindoro Province and its residents
- 2. PDRRMO and MDRRMO
- 3. Farmers and Fishers near Mag-asawang Tubig watershed
- 4. Residents of municipalities around Mag-asawang Tubig watershed
- 5. Mindoro State University

(15) SUSTAINABILITY PLAN (if applicable)

The collaborative efforts among DOST-MIMAROPA, PDRRMO-Oriental Mindoro, and MinSU-Main Campus will ensure the continuity of this project upon implementation. Alongside the implementation of this project, DRRM policies and guidelines may be also developed to cater to this study to provide a more effective and efficient disaster preparedness and mitigation plan for the community.

After the success on the implementation of this study, deployment and installation of the developed technology in other watersheds in Oriental Mindoro will be considered for a province-wide strengthening of disaster prevention and mitigation.

(16) GENDER AND DEVELOPMENT (GAD) SCORE (refer to the attached GAD checklist)

Refer to Annex B

(17) LIMITATIONS OF THE PROJECT

- 1. Mesoscale station for DRRM purposes, there is radius of influence for its effectivity.
- 2. Microscale station for Agrometeorological purposes, it is only effective in 100 m distance for agricultural activities
- 3. Devices used are digital
- 4. Only 2 stations will be established
- 5. The stations are limited to be constructed at government institutions only, particularly at SUC.
- 6. Data acquired are effective at Mag-Asawang Tubig Watershed area in Oriental Mindoro only

(18) LIST OF RISKS AND ASSUMPTIONS RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN (List possible risks and assumptions in attaining target outputs or objectives.)

Risk	Assumptions
Delayed acquisition of necessary materials	Conduct day-to-day follow up for the purchase request/order
Disruption of scheduled activities due to weather	Develop catch-up plans such as request to render
disturbances in MinSU (Orographic Precipitation)	service of the personnels
Shortage for salaries of the Contract of Service	Request for realignment of budget and addendum
Interruption in the implementation of the program of	Request Render of Service during Weekends and
works due to unavailability of needed equipment and	Holidays to deliver necessary output in time
devices	

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(20) PERSONNEL REQUIREMENT **Percent Time** Devoted to the **Position** Responsibilities **Project** 20% **Project Leader** Overall in charge of the project Assist in the processing of materials Contribute ideas for the improvement of the project **Project Members (2)** 20% Assist in submitting documents Perform activities related to the project the procurement 100% Research Assistants (2) **Processes** supplies below Php 50,000.00 and procurement of needed equipment in EO.

Committee		 Prepares the requisition and documentation of procured supplies and equipment's. Conducts regular documentation and reporting of the project in-progress. Collection and analysis of research data Use of GIS software to create and manipulate vector files, automate routine process, and develop and manage workflows Assess the Impact of Land Use and Land Cover of the study area Performs Hydrologic Modeling Analyze Historical Atmospheric data sets Assist in writing technical reports and paper Contribute ideas during meetings and reviews Perform other tasks that may be assigned from time to time by the project leader in relation to the conduct of the research
Computer Programmer	100%	 Develop and write computer programs to perform specific tasks related to project goals Create workflow diagrams and charts to demonstrate the functionality of programs before coding Run software tests to spot and resolve bugs and inconsistencies Write code for software patches and bug fixes Work with team members to find creative, innovative solutions to problems Collaborate with other departments to understand their needs and devise ways to accommodate them with software Perform regular audits to identify software inefficiencies and mastermind ways to improve workflow Assist in data analysis and write up pf research results. Assist in focus group discussion and key informant interviews. Write and continually update documentation for all programs for internal and external reference Carry out filed work activities for data

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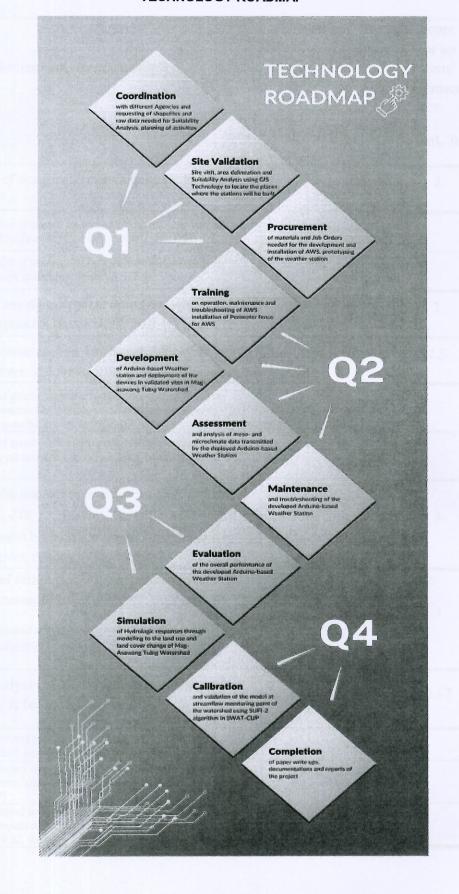
(23) OTHER SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS N/A

I hereby certify the truth of the foregoing and have no pending financial and/or technical obligations from the DOST and its attached Agencies. I further certify that the programs/projects being handled is within the prescribed number as stipulated in the DOST-GIA Guidelines. Any willful omission/false statement shall be a basis of disapproval and cancellation of the project.

	SUBMITTED BY (Project Leader)	ENDORSED BY (Head of the Agency)
Signature		
Printed Name	Engr. CHRISTIAN B. HERNANDEZ	JESSE M. PINE
Designation/Title	PROJECT LEADER	PROVINCIAL S&T DIRECTOR
Date		

Note: See guidelines/definitions at the back.

ANNEX A TECHNOLOGY ROADMAP



ANNEX B GAD CHECKLIST

Element and item/question		Done? (col. 2)		Score for an item/	Results or comments
(col.1)	No (2a)	Partly (2b)	Yes (2c)	element * (col. 3)	(col. 4)
1.0 Involvement of women and men (max score: 2; 1 for each item)				2	
1.1 Participation of women and men in beneficiary groups in problem identification (possible scores: 0, 0.5, 1.0)			1		
1.2 Participation of women and men in beneficiary groups in project design (possible scores: 0, 0.5, 1.0)			1		
2.0 Collection of sex-disaggregated data and gender-related information (possible scores: 0, 1.0, 2.0)		1	1	1	
3.0 Conduct of gender analysis and identification of gender issues (max score: 2; 1 for each item)				1.5	
3.1 Analysis of gender gaps and inequalities related to gender roles, perspectives and needs, or access to and control of resources (possible scores: 0, 0.5, 1.0)		0.5			
3.2 Analysis of constraints and opportunities related to women and men's participation in the project (possible scores: 0, 0.5, 1.0)			1		
4.0 Gender equality goals, outcomes, and outputs (possible scores: 0, 1.0, 2.0)			2	2	
Does the project have clearly stated gender equality goals, objectives, outcomes, or outputs?			867		
5.0 Matching of strategies with gender issues (possible scores: 0, 1.0, 2.0)		0.33	2	2	
Do the strategies and activities match the gender issues and gender equality goals identified?	N AN	D DESIG	5V	15.81	Carle
6.0 Gender analysis of likely impacts of the project (max score: 2; for each item or question, 0.67)	7.7			1.67	
6.1 Are women and girl children among the direct or indirect beneficiaries? (possible scores: 0, 0.33, 0.67)			0.67		
6.2 Has the project considered its long-term impact on women's socioeconomic status and empowerment? (possible scores: 0, 0.33, 0.67)			0.67		
6.3 Has the project included strategies for avoiding or minimizing negative impact on women's status and welfare? (possible scores: 0, 0.33, 0.67)		0.33			

7.0 Monitoring targets and indicators (possible scores: 0, 1.0, 2.0) Does the project include gender equality targets and indicators to measure gender equality outputs and outcomes?	MOING	1		1	
8.0 Sex-disaggregated database requirement (possible scores: 0, 1.0, 2.0) Does the project M&E system require sex-disaggregated data to be collected?	y	1		1	
9.0 Resources (max score: 2; for each question, 1)				2	
9.1 Is the project's budget allotment sufficient for gender equality promotion or integration? OR, will the project tap counterpart funds from LGUs/partners for its GAD efforts? (possible scores: 0, 0.5, 1.0)		The North	1	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF	
9.2 Does the project have the expertise to promote gender equality and women's empowerment? OR, is the project committed to investing project staff time in building capacities within the project to integrate GAD or promote gender equality? (possible scores: 0, 0.5, 1.0)			1		
10.0 Relationship with the agency's GAD efforts (max score: 2; for each question or item, 0.67)	ne -			1.67	
10.1 Will the project build on or strengthen the agency/ NCRFW/ government's commitment to the empowerment of women? (possible scores: 0, 0.33, 0.67) IF THE AGENCY HAS NO GAD PLAN: Will the project help in the formulation of the implementing agency's GAD plan?			0.67		
10.2 Will the project build on the initiatives or actions of other organizations in the area? (possible scores: 0, 0.33, 0.67)		11	0.67		
10.3 Does the project have an exit plan that will ensure the sustainability of GAD efforts and benefits? (possible scores: 0, 0.33, 0.67)		0.33			
TOTAL GAD SCORE - PROJECT IDENTIFICATI STAGES	ON AN	D DESIG	GN	15.84	Gender- responsive

ANNEX C COUNTERPART FUNDING

C.1 ACKNOWLEDGEMENT RECEIPT



ACKNOWLEDGMENT RECEIPT

This is to advisowedge receipt from DOST-MIMAROPA the partial release of funds amounting to One Million Seventeen Thousand Four Hundred and 29/190 Pages (P. 1.017,400.29) for the 2022 GIA Project Strengthening Weather Monitoring System Through Hydrologic Response Modeling in Mag-Asswang Tubig Watershod with LDDAP-ADA No. 01101101-09-0784-2022 dated September 30, 2022, for the acquisition and expenses of the following forms as per approved LIB.

Particulars	Approved Amount (PhP)	Amount Disbursed (PtP)	Assount to be Ostured (PhP)
Personal Services	1		0.555.555.655.655.655.655.655.655.655.65
Plomoraria			
1 Project Loader (PhP6 6X5mo +12 ocs.)	105,000.00		105 600 00
2 Project Staff Level 2 (PhP5,000mo x12 mon)	144,000,00		144 000 00
MOOF		THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	2000
Serris II report ablo Machinery Expenses	12 500 00		12 500 CC
1 Printer (L3110 Eco Taris 3-in-1)			12,300.00
1 Year Load Subscription 3mbps 49 PHP 2 000 00 per	24,000,00		24,000.00
Dedicated Server 1 year Subscription 4 Domain Name (were sample core) (8) 8 65% 83 per mo	104,340.96		104,349.96
Equipment Outley			
7 High-end Laytop 50VE i5 8gb 512 SSD RTX 3050 15 61 FHD BPS 144H	170,000.00		120,000 00
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Total	3,264,167.58	1,017,400 29	1.248.757 29

Received by

Date Received

DR. LEVY B. ARAGO, JR. University President

Signed in the Presence of

MARIA CRISTINA D. SISCAR, C.P.A. Accountant III, MinStJ

C.2 Disbursement Voucher Region IV-8 DISBURSEMENT COUNTER DADS COME Diss COUNTY ADM COMMITTEE MEDODO STATE ESSENIATIV 2023-09-0234 or, Classotid Silladian HOUNT o passed advance of thesis, the dis-(WH) ACCADAD, the (Bh gargest in Affala 1,817,891,29 D. Commission Care Chillia LOTT, point 24 er Best Mattered Con ne flyran (MCN), No ds - Situalities Chain Cosh resibile Made alizar

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MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:

This MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT is entered into and executed by and between:

The **DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY-MIMAROPA**, hereinafter referred to as **DOST-MIMAROPA** with principal office at 4/F DOST-PTRI Building, General Santos Avenue, Bicutan, Taguig City and represented in this Agreement by its Regional Director, **DR. MA. JOSEFINA P. ABILAY**;

-and-

The MINDORO STATE UNIVERSITY, hereinafter referred to as MinSU, with principal address at Brgy. Alcate, Victoria, Oriental Mindoro represented in this Agreement by its President, DR. LEVY B. ARAGO, JR.;

WITNESSETH THAT:

WHEREAS, **DOST-MIMAROPA** is primarily tasked to effectively respond to the social, economic, and ecological development challenges of the region through appropriate Science and Technology interventions and quality S & T Services to uplift the socio-economic well-being of the Filipino people and ensure sustainability for future generations by extending innovation system for the implementation of the project of the proponent.

WHEREAS, DOST-MIMAROPA has identified the project "Strengthening Weather Monitoring System Through Hydrologic Response Modeling in Mag-Asawang Tubig Watershed" as a project under the DOST-MIMAROPA LOCAL GIA and has provided funds therefore;

WHEREAS, **DOST-MIMAROPA** has identified **MinSU** as the beneficiary of the project and has sought support and assistance from **DOST-MIMAROPA** to implement the same;

WHEREAS, **DOST-MIMAROPA**, **MinSU** pledge to extend their full cooperation for the effective and efficient implementation of the aforesaid project;

NOW, THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the above premises, and of the mutual covenants and stipulations hereinafter set forth, the parties hereto agree to enter into this Memorandum of Agreement under the following terms and conditions:

1. DOST MIMAROPA shall:

- 1.1 Provide funds amounting to TWO MILLION FIVE HUNDRED EIGHTY-SEVEN THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED PESOS (PhP 2,587,800.00), for the implementation of the project as described in the Line-Item Budget of the proposal marked as Annex A which is made an integral part of this Agreement;
- 1.2 Implement the above project in accordance with the attached Workplan in the proposal marked as **Annex B** and which is also attached and made an integral part of this Agreement;

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- 1.3 Facilitate the pull out of all materials, tools and /equipment procured out of project funds in the event that MinSU fails to implement the project as stipulated in the project proposal made as Annex C hereof;
- 1.4 Monitor, evaluate and document project activities and identify alternative courses of action to address technical problems met, if any, during the implementation of the project.

2. MinSU shall:

- 2.1 Ensure that technologies received from DOST-MIMAROPA are used according to the provisions stipulated in this agreement unless otherwise revoked with acknowledgement from all parties involved;
- 2.2 Implement project in accordance with the methodology stated in the proposal and seek permission/clearance from DOST-MIMAROPA regarding any major decision or action in the implementation of the project;
 - 2.2.1 Develop an automated Arduino-based synoptic weather station equipped with microprocessors and wireless fidelity data-transmitting device;
 - 2.2.2 Deploy and evaluate the performance of the developed Arduino-based synoptic weather station in accordance with the required statistical weather parameters (rainfall, relative humidity, air temperature, solar radiation, wind speed, wind direction, soil moisture content, soil temperature, pressure and stream flow);
 - 2.2.3 Assess and analyze microclimate data transmitted by the deployed synoptic weather station;
 - 2.2.4 Evaluate the suitability of SWAT model in Mag-asawang Tubig watershed using remotely sensed climatic data;
 - 2.2.5 Simulate the hydrologic responses to land use and land cover change of Mag-asawang Tubig watershed; and
 - 2.2.6 Calibrate and validate the model at the streamflow monitoring point of the watershed using SUFI-2 algorithm in SWAT-CUP.
- 2.3 Allow DOST-MIMAROPA Representatives access to the premises and facilities of the identified cooperators of MinSU for activities relevant to the implementation of the project;
- 2.4 Provide counterparts necessary for the effective implementation of this project as specified in the project proposal and attached LIB;

2.5 Submit the following progress reports:

- 2.5.1 Monthly report on the volume of production, employment, sales, and productivity improvement not later than one (1) week after the end of each month;
- 2.5.2 Semi-annual progress reports marked as Annex D hereof not later than 15 days after the end of the semester;
- 2.5.3 Annual progress report marked as Annex E hereof together with the List of Equipment Purchased marked as Annex F hereof not later than 30 days after the end of the year;

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- 2.6 Submit the completion report two months after the project duration or after the achievement of the objectives as stated in the proposal;
- 2.7 Allow DOST-MIMAROPA to monitor and collect necessary data/information when required;
- 2.8 Allow DOST-MIMAROPA to place inventory tag stickers on the individual equipment acquired out of project funds;
- 2.9 Be responsible and accountable for the maintenance and safekeeping of the tools and equipment assigned to the cooperators. Ownership of the equipment shall remain with DOST-MIMAROPA until after full ownership shall have been requested and transferred;
- Authorize/allow DOST-MIMAROPA to pull-out all the materials, tools and equipment and 2.10 other assets procured out of projects funds in case of failure of project implementation or for any violation of the contract or agreement that may be entered into by DOST-MIMAROPA with the beneficiary;
- Liquidate the funds received and submit an Audited Financial Report, including official receipts of expenditures and Property Acknowledgement Receipt (PAR) to DOST-MIMAROPA not later than six (6) months after the release of funds; submit at least three (3) quotations for each item in the LIB to ensure that actions taken are most advantageous to the government;
- Put up at the project site a signboard (4 ft x 6 ft), two weeks after receipt of project funds 2.12 following the recommended billboard format (Annex D);
- Assist DOST-MIMAROPA in baseline data gathering for the project and in final data gathering for assessment of project outcomes and impacts.

3. OTHER CONDITIONS

- 3.1 That this Agreement shall take effect upon signing hereof and shall remain in force for a period of one (1) year, unless otherwise extended or sooner terminated upon mutual consultation and written agreement of both parties;
- 3.2 That this Agreement shall not prohibit both parties to publish technical papers that may be derived from the above activities given their mandate of developing and promoting science and technology;
- 3.3 That any changes, modifications, and alterations on the foregoing provisions of this agreement shall only be made upon mutual consultation and agreement of all parties concerned.

4. PUBLICATION

Any publication arising from this contract and other related activities undertaken shall identify DOST-MIMAROPA as the source of assistance.

5. EFFECTIVITY:

This Memorandum of Agreement shall take effect immediately upon signing of the parties hereto and shall remain in the force for the duration of the project unless sooner terminated by **DOST-MIMAROPA** for any, but not limited to the following:

- Failure of MinSU to submit the required financial and progress reports within the prescribed period; and
- Any violation of the condition that, as determined by DOST-MIMAROPA, will prejudice the successful completion of the project.

6. PROGRAM DURATION

The project shall be completed within a period of **One (1) Year**, from **October 2022 to September 2023**. The project shall be implemented during the said period or immediately after the release of funds.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have signed this Memorandum of Agreement this ____ day of ____, 2022 at Bicutan, Taguig City.

DR. LEVY B. ARAGO, JR.

President

Mindoro State University

DOST-MIMAROP

SIGNED IN THE PRESENCE OF:

DR. CHRISTIAN ANTHONY C. AGUTAYA

Vice President for RD Mindoro State University

Provincial S&T Director DOST-Oriental Mindoro

CERTIFIED FUNDS AVAILABLE:

FFREY D. VARELA DOST-MIMAROPA Accountant

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have signed this Memorandum of Agreement this day of _____, 2022 at Bicutan, Taguig City.

Before me, a Notary Public for and in the TAGUIG CITY this 2 8 SEP of 2022 2022, personally appeared

NAME

RES. CERT. NO

Place/Date Issued

DR. MA. JOSEFINA P. ABILAY

PO255592B

01/15/2019-DFA Manila

DR. LEVY B. ARAGO, JR.

05104045

01/03/2022/ Victoria, Or. Mdo.

All known to me be the same person who executed the foregoing instrument and they acknowledged to me that the same is their free and voluntary act and deed as well as the voluntary act of the institution agencies they represent.

This instrument consists of six (6) pages including this page wherein the acknowledgement is written, duly signed by the parties and their witnesses on each and every page hereof.

WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL, on the date and the place first above written.

NOTARY PUBLIC

DOC No.: 10

Page No.;: 3

Book No .: XIV Series of 2022 RACHEL GIMYAW. COPANUT-PANGWI NOTARY PUB IC UNTIL Dec. 31, 2023/TAGUIG CITY

Not. Com. Appl. No. 18 (2022-2023)

2/F, Pacura Sing 427 M.L. Q. St., Lower Bichan, Taquig City

PTE No. A-8334323/1 4-2022, Taguig City IBF O.R. No. 168796/10-14-2021, RSM MCLE Comp. No. VII-0007104/11-22-2021

ROLL No. 61627

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DOST Form B PROJECT WORKPLAN

(1) Program Title: Local GIA

(2) Project Title: STRENGTHENING WEATHER MONITORING SYSTEM THROUGH HYDROLOGIC RESPONSE MODELING IN MAG-ASAWANG TUBIG WATERSHED

(3) Total Duration (in months): 12 months

(4) Planned Start Date: October 2022

(5) Planned End Date: September 2023

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1	(6) OBJECTIVES	(7) TARGET ACTIVITIES	(8) TARGET ACCOMPLISHMENTS	71	73
			(duanuty, if possible)	3 c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	3 + Q v Q w
6		Coordination/Linkages Project proposal preparation	Project proposal presented to RTEC, DOST-MIMAROPA and MinSU and revised		
1	Develop an automated Arduino-based synoptic	3. Proposal revision and	accordingly.		
11.	weather station equipped with microprocessors and wireless fidelity data-transmitting device.	compliance of documents requirements 4. MOA signing and	MOA signed based on the completion of documentary requirements		
a fe		approval 5. Procurement of hardware components and other materials	Procurement of hardware components and other materials		
and the same of		6. Coordination with LGUs	All Market Marke		
1		מומן ומסלמה מומן מומן	barangays		
Ť.		Training on operation,			
	Deployand evaluate the performance of the developed Arduino-based synoptic weather	maintenance and troubleshooting of developed device	Capacitated DRRM and LGU staff		
	station in accordance with the required statistical weather parameters (rainfall, felative humidity, solar radiation, wind speed, wind direction, and	7. Site validation and assessment	Identified sites for deployment of device		
< T		7. Installment of perimeter fence	Installed parameter fence for the device		
	(Deployment of device in identified and validated sites	Deployed device in identified sites		
)	Assess and analyze microclimate data transmitted by the deployed synoptic weather station.				

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	8. Project Analysis and Validated data and developed system Development								·
Evaluate the suitability of SWAT model in Magassawang Tubig watershed using remotely sensed climatic data as warm-up historical data that will be integrated to the designed synoptic weather station.	<u> </u>							The same of the sa	
Simulate the hydrologic responses to land use and land cover change of Mag-asawang Tubig watershed.	Project Testing and Evaluation Tested and evaluated the developed project								<u> </u>
Calibrate and validate the model at the streamflow monitoring point of the watershed using SUFI-2 algorithm in SWAT-CUP					, ,				
		Y			42			¥3	
(9) EXPECTED OUTPUTS (6Ps)	(10) DETAILS (quantify, if possible)	G -	O -	o e	0 0	O -	Q -	Q.	G -
Publications	One (1) research paper	4	F	-	2		-		
Patents/IP	Application under Utility Model								
Products	Four sets of Arduino-based synoptic weather station							-	_
People Services	Training on operation, maintenance, and troubleshooting of equipment								
1	The development of Arduing-based synoptic weather station will be done at Mindoro State University – Main Campus, Alcate, Victoria, Oriental Mindoro. Then,								
Places and Partnerships	pilot testing of this technology will be conducted at Mag-asawang-tubig Watershed situated in Naujan and Victoria, Oriental Mindoro. Three servers located at MinSU-Main Campus, PDRRMO and DOST-Oriental Mindoro will be provided where collected data will be transmitted.	R-1							
Policy	Possible basis for improvement of disaster preparedness and mitigation plan and policies			-					-
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